The Columbian.

VOL 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY JUNE 18, 1908. NO 24.

The Farmers National Bank
OF BLOOMSBURG.

Condensed report to the Comptroller at the close of business May 14, 1908

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Investments	$519,828.45	Capital	$ 60,000.00
U. S. Bonds	60,000.00	Surplus and Net Profit	101,046.57
Cash and Reserve	135,602.36	Circulation	60,000.00
		Deposits	494,384.24
	$715,430.81		$715,430.81

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Capital, $60.000 Surplus and Profit $101,046.57

C M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

HENRY JAMES CLARK.

Prominent Business Man and Respected Citizen Passes Away.

In the death of Henry James Clark Bloomsburg loses one of her most prominent business men, and most highly respected citizens.

The end came on Sunday night at 10.20 o'clock, after only a few days illness with a cold. He was down stairs on Friday, though he was quite feeble, and after retiring that night he was not able to leave his bed again. He twice expressed the belief that this was his last illness. His death was quite unexpected, and but few knew that he was ill.

Mr. Clark had been engaged in the mercantile business in this town for about forty years. He was a man of strict integrity, and enjoyed the confidence and esteem of all who knew him. He was for many years a director of the Bloomsburg Water Company, and the Bloomsburg National Bank, and treasurer of the Bloomsburg State Normal School.

Mr. Clark was a member of the Episcopal church, and was always a liberal supporter of St. Paul's. His contributions for improvements and additions were among the largest, as well as his regular pledges for the support of the parish. He was a 32nd degree Mason.

Mr. Clark was born in Catawissa, on November 4, 1829 His boyhood was spent there, and after learning the tinner's trade he went to Pottsville to live. Later on he came to Bloomsburg and clerked for Charles Doebler in the Exchange Hotel. About 1851 he went to Muncy to live, having previously been married to Miss Sarah Hagenbuch. They resided in Muncy until 1864, when they returned to Catawissa and Mr. Clark bought the Susquehanna House.

About a year later he sold out, and came to Bloomsburg and purchased the Exchange Hotel property which he conducted until it burned down in 1869. In 1870 he engaged in the store business alone and after two or three years he took in John Wolf as a partner. In 1875 he purchased Mr. Wolf's interest and took in his son Bruce as a partner, and this firm existed up to the time of Mr. Clark's death their store being one of the finest in this section.

Mrs. Clark died March 16, 1890. The surviving members of his family are his son, H. Bruce, and Miss Sadie Van Tassel, his niece, who has resided with him for some years past.

The funeral was held on Wednesday at one o'clock at the house, Rev. J. W. Diggles, rector of St. Paul's church officiating. A large number of members of Washington Lodge, F. and A. M. attended in a body. The pall-bearers were A. Z. Schoch, Paul E. Wirt, Col. J. G. Freeze, Geo. E. Elwell, W. H. Moore, C. B. Robbins, J. Russel Smith and H. M. Lovelace, the two latter representing Muncy Lodge No. 299, of which Mr. Clark was the last living charter member.

At the grave, after the services of the Episcopal Church, the Masonic burial ceremony was conducted, those taking part therein being H. A. McKillip Esq., Rev. E. R. Heckman, and Rev. J. W. Diggles.

Some beautiful selections were sung by Caldwell Consistory Quartette, Messrs. Colley, Ent, Yost and Vetter, at the house and cemetery.

And so closed the last chapter in the life of a man who was self-made, who was honest and upright, energetic and enterprising, genial, generous, and kind-hearted, a good citizen, and an esteemed friend.

Peace to his ashes!

NEVADA STOCKHOLDERS.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Nevada Copper Mining and Smelting Company, held last Monday evening, a committee was appointed to meet E. B. Tustin for the purpose of ascertaining the status of the company. The interview took place on Tuesday morning.

Mr. Tustin denied making the statements accredited to him in the New York *Times*. He also stated, it is said, that the company still had $125,000 in the treasury. There was also 700,000 shares of the promotion stock of the company in the treasury. This it was stated Mr. Tustin would not be in favor of having included in the stock of the company, should a distribution be made of the funds on hand, in order that the stockholders would have an opportunity to get at least some of their money back in case this would be done. Should the promotion be voted in a distribution of the funds in hand, it would mean that the stockholders who paid for their stock would not get a very large percentage of it. However, Mr. Tustin stated that he would never be in favor of any portion of the funds in hand being allowed for the promotion stock.

A New York lawyer has been employed by the stockholders, and an assessment of 5 cents a share was made to cover expenses.

The committee is now waiting the report of the attorney as to what can be done to recover their money, or some part of it.

DEEDS RECORDED.

The following deeds have recently been entered of record by Recorder of Deeds Frank W. Miller:

J. H. Creveling to John C. Creveling for the undivided one-half of a tract of land situate partly in Sugarloaf township, Columbia county, and partly in Davidson township, Sullivan County, containing 237 acres and 102 perches of land.

Berwick Land and Improvement Company to Max Rosenfeld for a lot of ground situate in the northerly side of Freas avenue in the borough of West Berwick.

Jane Polk to Mary Jane Lawton for a tract of land situate partly in Madison and partly in Pine townships.

Edwin John and wife to John W. Riddle for a lot of ground situate on the northwest side of Main street in the borough of Millville.

Geo. A. Frick to O. D. Hagenbuch for four acres of land in Fishing Creek township.

Mary E. McHenry to John W. Belles for a piece of land situate in the Borough of Benton.

Wm. H. Aten and wife and M. Alice Aten to John H. Aten for the undivided two-thirds right, title and interest in three tracts of land situate in Mifflin township.

Bartley Albertson and Margaret A. Albertson to Mary A. Thomas for a lot of ground in the village of Rohrsburg upon which is erected a frame hotel.

FIRST BAND CONCERT.

The first band concert of the season will be held at popular Columbia Park on Sunday afternoon, when the Berwick Cornet Band will render a sacred concert from 2 o'clock until 5 o'clock. The Columbia and Montour Railway Company will provide ample accommodation for those who wish to hear this well-known musical organization and there no doubt will be a large crowd present.

—COMPTROLLER'S CALL.—

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Bloomsburg National Bank

At the Close of Business May 14, 1908.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Investments	$611,830.43	Capital Stock,	$100,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	8,000.00	Surplus and Profits	51,620.16
Cash and Reserve	95,474.66	Circulation	100,000.00
		Deposits	463,684.93
	$715,305.09		$715,305.09

WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier. A. Z. SCHOCH, President.

THE I. O. O. F.

A Membership of Almost Two Million.

The Independent Order of Odd Fellows is one of the most, if not the most, prosperous order in existence today. The 1907 journal of the Sovereign Grange Lodge gives the following figures, 1830 to December 31, 1906: Initiations in subordinate lodges, 3,197,676; members relieved, 3,256,901; widowed families relieved, 288,939; members deceased, 320,577; total relief, $115,111,919.67; total revenue, $208,465,683.51. "There is no similar organization that can come any way near showing figures like these. Of the 3,197,676 initiated into subordinate lodges, we now have about 1,800,000 counting the Rebekahs. This places us at the head of the fraternal orders, in point of numbers, and we can easily retain that position. In fact the rate of increase each year is growing larger and larger, and it will not be many years until we will have 2,000,000 names on our rolls. If we could retain a greater per cent. of those initiated each year, how much more rapidly we would grow. But for some unknown reason we lose a large number for non-payment of dues and this is the one thing that causes our grand officers more worry and trouble than anything else. There seems to be no remedy for it, however. But notwithstanding this fact, we are growing very rapidly, each year the net increase being greater than the preceding one."

STUDENTS' RECITAL.

On Friday evening, June 19th, a students' recital will be given in the Normal Auditorium. The following program will be rendered:

Polka, Kathryn Gearhart, Danville
Dennee . . La Papillon
Jessie Ruhl (Bloomsburg.)
Bohm { a Dance polonaise, b Aria di Gavotta } Violin.
Murray G. Jaquish (Luzerne)
Sydenham The Maiden of the "Fleur De Lys"
Octette.
(a) Lavalle . Etude de Concert
(b) Godard . Mazurka in B flat
Anna Lore (Danville)
(a) Sitt . Concertino } Violin.
(b) Henselt Liebslied }
Hazel Hartman (Catawissa)
(a) Friml . . Melody
(b) Rachmaninoff
Prelude in C sharp minor
Justo Aspiazu (Cuba)
Moszkowski, . Spanish Dances
Anna Lore
Two Pianos . . Jessie Ruhl

On Friday afternoon at 5 o'clock the music pupils of the first, second and third grades will give a recital in the Auditorium. A general invitation is extended to these recitals.

HORSE RAN AWAY.

The carriage of Dr. H. V. Hower, of Miffiinville, was completely demolished in a runaway on Third street, Nescopeck, Sunday afternoon. Dr. Hower was on a visit to Dr. Warntz and had left his horse standing untied.

An automobile frightened the animal which started up the street at a rapid rate, colliding with a tree and breaking the buggy so it is practically worthless. The horse was but little injured.

Miss Hazel Leiby, aged nineteen, was drowned by falling in a spring at her home near Elysburg on Tuesday. She was assisting in preparing dinner, and went to the spring for water. When she was missed a search resulted in finding her dead in the spring.

COMMENCEMENT WEEK.

The programs for Commencement week at the Normal are nearly all completed. The various exercises will be as follows:

JUNIOR CONTEST PROGRAM.

The Junior contest in oratory will be held Saturday evening at which time the following program will be given: March, B. S. N. S. Orchestra; selection from Nicholas Nickleby, written by Charles Dickens, Margaret Oliver; Jimmie Brown's Steam Chair, written by W. L. Alden, Margaret Willets; The Little Match Girl, by Hans Anderson, Reinee Potts; Mozart, Menuet from E flat Symphony; Hezekiah and the Landlord, David Moses; Lady Clare, Tennyson, Louisa Corey.

The Shepherds, Lew Wallace, Helen Grescott; Lack, Idilio; Lily Servosse's Ride, Tourge, Jennie Birch; The Revenge, Tennyson, Horace Washburn; Bohm, Sarabande; decision by the judges who are Rev. Edgar R. Heckman, Rev. J. D. Thomas, Rev. E. B. Bailey.

THE SENIOR'S DAY.

Wednesday will be essentially the day of the graduates, their Ivy Day exercises being held in the afternoon and the Class Day program in the evening.

The Ivy Day program to be given on the lower campus at 2 o'clock is as follows: Procession, senior Class; introductory address, Dr. D. J. Waller, Jr., Class Poem, Miss Martha James; Ivy Oration, Merrill Smith; address, Prof. W. B. Sutliff; Class Will; Planting of the Ivy, Mr. Shovlin; Ivy Song, Senior Class, written by Agnes Burke.

CLASS DAY PROGRAM

The Class Day program follows: President's address, Joseph Shovlin; Mendelssohn, Concerto 1st. movement, Miss Bessie Dent; History, Miss Margaret Johnson; essay, Miss Martha Herring; Pierne, Canzonetta, clarinet, Francesco Petrilli; Prophecy, Miss Mary Morrow; Nevin, Evening Song, Chorus, words by Miss Agnes Burke; oration, Darwin Maurer; Memorial, Miss Mary Fegley; Class Presentation, Miss Reba Breisch, Thomas Francis; Class Song, Class.

SATURDAY'S COURT.

In the case of Commonwealth vs. William McCarty and John Gross who were charged with burglarizing the store of Stanley Jeffe, of Berwick, on the night of June 4th, the defendants plead guilty and the Court sentenced each of them to pay the costs and a fine of $100, restore the goods if not already done or pay the value of the same and undergo imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary at separate and solitary confinement at hard labor for two years and six months

In the matter of the removal of Waston Bobb from the Bloom Poor District. Appeal from the order of removal. Appeal was allowed and the petition is to be filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Columbia County.

John G. Freeze, Esq., was appointed master to adjust the accounts between R. Rush Zarr, administrator of Hnston Robison, deceased, and C. L. Pohe, administrator of W. C. Robison and Laura Robison, widow of W. C. Robison, deceased.

A meeting of the Men's Bible Union will be held in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday, June 28, at 2.30 o'clock, when special music and addresses will be the program. This will be a general meeting and ladies are invited.

TOWNSEND

WE CAN MAKE

YOU A SUIT

ON SHORT NOTICE

WE HAVE A NICE LINE OF

Woolens to Select From

TOWNSEND

MERCHANT TAILOR

GOOD ROADS MOVEMEMT.

Different Schemes to Put Federal Money Into Road Building.

If bills in congress are shadows of coming events, the time may not be far distant when the national government will be engaged in road building in every state in the country. Some thirty bills relating to the matter were introduced during the last session. All were referred to committees and buried in committee room pigeonholes. None has got as far as consideration on the floor, but the discussion of the post office appropriations and the appropriations for the department of agriculture gave opportunity for speeches on the subject.

Some of the bills introduced called for the distribution of the present treasury surplus among the states exclusively for the purpose of building roads. Others called for the creation of a bureau of public highways and for national aid in road construction or for state or national highways commission, for Federal loans to states for specific appropriations, and Mr. Cockran of New York proposed an automobile highway from coast to coast. About four fifths of the proponents represented districts in the south, an indication that state rights are forgotten when money is wanted from the federal treasury.

There is no question that good roads in all parts of the country would represent a saving of hundreds of millions of dollars to the American people. There are more than 2,000,000 miles of roads in the United States, and less than 8 per cent. of the total is in the class known as "improved roads," that is treated with macadam gravel, or clay or other material. A large percentage, perhaps as much as 90 per cent of all the products of the country is hauled by wagons for a longer or shorter distance. Investigation has shown that the average haul over wagon roads is eight miles and that the average cost is 22.5 cents a ton mile. It is asserted that good roads would reduce the cost to 10 cents a ton mile. The saving on corn alone is estimated at $10,250,000 and on cotton $5,000,000.

A daughter was born to Dr. and Mrs. R. E. Miller on Sunday.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Bloomsburg National Bank, held Monday, June 15, 1908, at 1:30 p. m., the president, Mr. Schoch, announced the sudden death of Mr. Henry James Clark, a member of this Board, which occurred at 10:20 o'clock on Sunday evening, June the 14th, whereupon the Board out of respect to his memory, deemed it fitting to defer the regular business of the day, and in further deference the following resolution was unanimously passed and directed to be recorded upon the minutes of the bank, a copy thereof to be transmitted to Mr. Clark's family.

Resolved, That in the removal by death of Henry James Clark, the Board of Directors of the Bloomsburg National Bank sustain a loss almost irreparable. As a member of this Board, his integrity, judgment, ability and devotion to the affairs of this bank will be greatly missed and deplored.

His personality and usefulness as a citizen during a long and well spent life are too well known to require comment, other than to say that this community as well as this bank, has in his death, also sustained a loss that time alone can repair.

GRADUATES IN MUSIC.

In the Normal auditorium Thursday and Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock were held the annual Commencement recitals of the Music Department of the Bloomsburg State Normal School.

The graduates this year are Miss Bessie Dent, of Catawissa; Miss Olive Major, of Forty Fort and Miss Lucretia Christian, of Bloomsburg.

DIED AT DANVILLE.

Milton B. Cox, formerly of Bloomsburg, died at the home of his daughter in Danville, on Monday evening. The funeral took place on Wednesday, the remains being brought to Bloomsburg for burial on the 10 o'clock trolley.

Mr. Cox was a familiar figure about the court house some years ago, having been one of the regular tipstaves of the court for a long time.

WHAT TO WEAR AND HOW TO WEAR IT.

Our Special Correspondent Writes Entertainingly to Women.

FROM THE METROPOLIS

Beauty Summer Frocks—Modes for the Little Folks—Cool and Dainty Blouses—Triumph of the Milliner's Art in Bridesmaids' Hats—Sleeves and Model for Tub Frock.

BY JULES THEROW.

After all much of the smartness of summer frocks is embodied in the little details. They are the elements that qualify a frock for the supreme place in the ranks of fashion. This charming summer confection developed in sheer silky batiste is beautifully trimmed with embroidery garlands and valenciennes lace and insertion. It is a close fitting princesse with tucks about the waist and running down below the belt line to the hips.

DAINTY SUMMER GOWN.

At the bottom of the skirt there is a deep flounce, shirred rather full and stitched on under a heading of insertion, edging and the embroidery medallions.

A most charming bertha arrangement glorifies the waist, being composed of the lace insertion and embroidery. It is brought over the shoulders and down to the bust-line where it is knotted carelessly and the ends allowed to hang down.

The sleeves are formed entirely of insertion, connected with bias folds of the batiste, hand embroidered and ruchings of Valenciennes edges finish them at the elbows.

Summer modes for little folks are of especial interest to mothers at this season, for it is well to have the children's summer outfits ready as early as possible.

Two dainty examples of the house dress are illustrated, the first being of plain dotted cotton material, trimmed with hand embroidery. The bottom of the skirt and front of the blouse are ornamented with the hand-work. The frock is cut in one piece, including even the double sleeves, also finished with embroidery.

The second model is a slip of white linen with guimpe or figured dimity worn underneath. The

FROCKS FOR HOME WEAR.

sleeves and bottom of the skirt are trimmed with self-tucked bands, making a simple, yet effective finish.

One-piece and straight little yoke dresses play an important part in the little womans' summer wardrobe. They are made elaborate by the use of fine materials and quantities of lace and hand-work, but the models with flat work and no other decoration save tiny frills of lace at the wrists and a few tucks above the hem are much worn, besides being inexpensive and easy to fashion by the home dressmaker.

For coolness and daintiness nothing excels a blouse of seeded muslin, such as is pictured here. It is rather more close-fitting than the average lingerie blouse and the tucked trimming and yoke of hand embroidery give it an air of dressiness more generally associated with lace chiffon or silk waists.

The yoke is formed of heavy embroidery, with medallions of the same trimming around it in the form of flat revers. For the medallions

AN INNOVATION IN BLOUSES.

is a beading of embroidery and the combined trimmings reappear in the high, well-fitted collar.

Bridesmaid's hats are triumphs of the milliner's art and there is literally no limit to their trimming and cost. A French firm designed this hat for a smart American heiress' attendants and is a delightful innovation from the accustomed models for wedding ceremonies.

Very fine satin straw is used and the inside of the wide brim has frills of pale yellow point lace "leaking" down to rest against the hair.

The crown is rather high, bound with three or four bias folds of pink or blue satin according to the color

HAT FOR A BRIDESMAID.

scheme of the wedding. The plumes, which are arranged at the back to fall in the same direction also combine the colors selected by the bride of this occasion.

There are also very picturesque models of Louis seize calotts order, with soft draped crowns of net or lace and falling plaitings of the same trimming. Some of these rise to great height through the airy drapery of the net in the crown or great bows of net or lace in front. Others are fairly high and are trimmed with plumes or flowers at any angle to please the taste of the bride.

Although much has been said of the long, close-fitting sleeves the majority of models for summer gowns are elbow length only and fashioned in the loose, generous way that provides comfort as well as chic.

In the group of sleeves pictured here, the most novel, perhaps, is the centre one, formed of frills of two different kinds of lace, above which are folds of the dress material trimmed with small, fancy buttons.

The others, with one exception, all show the fancy for draped effects

SLEEVES FOR SUMMER FROCKS.

which are always graceful and lend themselves to manipulation in the fashionable fabrics of the season.

Draperies of all kinds disclose borders of bindings of satin lace or ribbon velvet, the latter being more in demand than ever, even as embellishment for the sheerest lawns and lingerie materials.

Lace, of all qualities and designs, combined with buttons of all sizes and patterns, is a highly fashionable trimming, but when a severe effect is desired this cannot be gained better than by the use of plain folds of silk or cloth finished with buttons of unpretentious design.

So much work is put upon sleeves that they can be made to form a considerable item in ones expense account. Upon no detail, however, does a frock depend more strongly, as upon the sleeves.

MARRIAGE CUSTOMS.

They Had Many Curious and Interesting Origins.

The little customs that have come to be a part of the marriage ceremony have had diverse and interesting origins. The ring has played an important part.

With the coming in of Christianity it was no longer placed on the right forefinger but on the left third finger. The priest, or in some cases the groom, first put it on the thumb, saying, "In the name of the Father;" on the forefinger, adding, "In the name of the Son;" on the second finger, continuing, "In the name of the Holy Ghost;" then on the third finger with "Amen"—and there it remained.

The bridal veil originated in Bible times and was worn until all the public ceremonies were over, so it can readily be understood how Jacob was deceived into marrying Leah instead of her sister Rachel. In the Anglo-Saxon wedding ceremony a square piece of veiling was held over the head of the bride to conceal her embarrassment.

In the later Bible days, during the period between the betrothal and the wedding, the bride remained with her friends and could communicate with her affianced only through "the friend of the bridegroom," as mentioned in John III, 29, who also performed other services for the groom.

Throwing shoes originated in the old Jewish custom of handing to the purchaser of land an old shoe as a token of surrender or renunciation (see Ruth iv, 7). The bride's father gave a shoe to the husband or threw it after him to signify they surrendered to him all authority over their daughter.

Throwing rice symbolized fruitfulness and plenty from its general distribution over the world.

Taking the husband's name originated in Roman times, though the date is not known. When Julia married Pompey her name became Julia of Pompey. Modern women omit the "of" in the name.—Delineator.

Dashing Hat in Black Leghorn.

The "Merry Widow" hat has carried all before it and been the foundation for no end of charming models for spring and summer wear. The last word in elegance is this design in fine black Italian leghorn. The brim rolls slightly at the side, while the top is covered with waves of plumes in varying shades of cerise.

Whateved the trimming used, height is one of the chief points to be gained. Plumes are arranged in great variety, and while soft, waving effects are very modish there is

IN BLACK LEGHORN.

also an inclination to set them stiffly on end. Arranged at the back under a choux of ribbon or bunch of flowers, so that they wave forward, they make a very pretty trimming.

Wings of great sweep pointing sharply upward, aihrettes of great roses or other flowers nodding high at front or side, pheasant plumes, gourah feathers, &c., extending to an astonishing point beyond the the hat and head lines—all have grown familiar, and yet, as has been said, the rank and file of the new hats are delightful and every woman can surely find something becoming provided she has the taste to know what is becoming to her and is not led away solely by love of the prevailing mode.

Don't Live in New Houses.

Why is a new house unhealthful? That is a question that has been asked by many and been answered by few. And yet the reason is obvious. In the construction of just one medium sized house it is estimated that over thirty thousand gallons of water is used.

This water does not evaporate as quickly as it would in the air and sunlight, but lies near the surface of the earth under the house and in the walls of the cellar. Hence, the house is damp, and damp houses foster illness. A house that has been standing for a year or so, is much more healthful than a new one.

Cause for Alarm.

They were about to entertain a few friends, and her husband suddenly busied himself with the umbrellas, carrying them upstairs. When he had taken up the last one, she said to him, somewhat amazed:

"Why, dear, why do you hide the umbrellas like that? Are you afraid our friends will steal them?"

"No," said he; "I am afraid they will recognize them."—London Opinion.

To Kill the Mites.

If a scaly-looking gray powder is seen around the roosts or nest boxes, be "on" by that time.

USEFUL INVENTIONS.

Some of the Clever Devices Which Have Been Patented by Women.

In the first year of the United States Patent office's existence, 1790, a woman took out a patent. Up to the present time about 3,958 patents have been granted to women. Among the early women inventors may be mentioned Miss Mary Kies, who, in 1809, patented a device for weaving straw and thread. Three years later Miss Mary Brush designed a new corset which she thought would preserve the shape of the womanly figure.

Like Miss Brush, many modern women inventors confined their inventiveness to the contriving of beautifying devices. Mrs. Batcheldder, for example, has devised means for the improvement of certain facial features that have been distorted. Among her inventions may be mentioned an ear straightener which remedies imperfectly formed and lopping ears. Another invention for the restoration of facial symmetry is a spring attachment for the teeth, which relieves their severity and improves the mouth lines. Some women inventors, however, have devoted themselves to other things besides the perfection of womanly beauty. Mrs. Martha J. Coston, although not the first inventor of the signal lights of that name, has, nevertheless, made some important improvements in her husband's invention. Mrs. Cynthia W. Alden is the inventor of an improved dump cart. Some years ago Mrs. Lena Sittig devised a waterproof garment which has come to be known as the duckback. The ruled slate was devised by Mrs. Louise Dyer of Yazoo City. An important attachment to the sewing machine was invented by Miss Helen Blanchard. Miss Phillips of Dorchester, Mass., is the inventor of the hand refrigerator and lunch box. Miss Emma D. Mills made an improvement on a typewriter for which it was necessary to construct special tools. She did the special construction herself. Mrs. Kate Eubank of Oakland, Cal., has devised a combined trunk and bureau, which when closed appears as a Saratoga trunk and when open as a handsome dressing case.

There seems to be one professional woman inventor in America, and he name is Miss Montgomery. As far back as 1864, she took out a patent on an improved locomotive wheel. Later she secured a patent on an improved war vessel. A number of other patents have been issued to her, which have proved remunerative.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

A Stunning Gown for Home Wear.

Women who have a predilection for gowns of elaborate effect have a strikingly handsome model in this frock of cotton crepe. It is not necessarily expensive to work out, for both the lace and dress material can be bought at moderate prices. The lace is imitation Cluny dyed in a pale champagne tint. Arranged in bands it follows the lines of the tunic, one

GOWN FOR HOME WEAR.

of the most graceful draperies of the season.

The tunic is trimmed with long, hand-run tucks and falls in Grecian effect about the figure. The decorative scheme is much softened by a mixture of Valenciennes with the Cluny lace.

The bodice is fitted and has an elaborate fishu in Cluny and Valenciennes. There is a yoke of grass linen with a delicate stitchery in pale pink and blue threads, with sleeves of the same. Heavy linens as well as silk and woolen fabrics are designed after the elaborate model of the gown sketched today. The softer fabrics are too, adaptable to a like treatmment, only Valenciennes and daint, lace threads are used instead. This does not mean that they are not combine, with Mechinin and the bebe crochet effects, which are included as a matter of course, where more than one kind of fine trimming is used in a decorative scheme.

Spontaneous thoughts are often like the gun we didn't know was loaded.

In northern Australia there is one white man per 700 square miles.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Alx Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

AN INGENIOUS CIPHER.

Embodied in the Missive of a Seemingly Unsophisticable friend.

During the great rebellion, Sir John Trevanion, a distinguished cavalier, was made prisoner and locked up in Colchester castle. Sir Charles Lucas and Sir George Lisle had just been made examples of as a warning to "malignants, and Trevanion had every reason to expect a similar end.

As he awaited his doom he was startled by the entrance of the jailer, who handed him a letter.

"May't do thee good," growled the fellow. "It has been weel looked to before it was permitted to come to you."

Sir John took the letter, and the jailer left him his lamp by which to read it.

"Worthie Sir John,—Hope, that is ye best comfort of ye afflicted, cannot much, I fear me, help you now. That I wolde say to you, is this only: if ever I may be able to requite that I do owe you, stand not upon asking of me. 'Tis not much I can do; but what I can do, bee thou verie sure I wille.

"I knowe that, if dethe comes, if ordinary men fear it, it frights not you, accounting it for a high honour to have such a rewarde of your loyalty. Pray yet that you may be spared this soe bitter cup. We pray that you may be.

"I fear not that you will grudge any sufferings. Only if ble submission you can turn them away, 'tis the part of a wise man. Tell me, an if you can, to do for you any thinge that you wolde have done. The general goes back on Wednesday. Restinge your servante to command.—R. T."

Now, this letter was written according to a preconcerted cipher. Every third letter after a stop was to tell. In this way Sir John made out: "Panel at east end of chapel slides."

On the following evening the prisoner begged to be allowed to pass an hour of private devotion in the chapel. By means of a bribe this was accomplished. Before the hour had expired the chapel was empty—the bird had flown.—Tit-Bits.

Some Scientific Bees.

Apropos of nature faking, the following story, vouched for by no less a person than M. Gaston Bonnier, and set forth in the ultra-scientific coupte kenders of the Paris Academy of Sciences, is of interest. It has to do with bees. M. Bonnier placed in his garden several lumps of sugar. The bees tried to bite off particles with their mandibles but couldn't. He then marked them and they flew off to the hive. In about two hours the first lot came back bringing some companions with them. But before tackling the sugar they flew to a fountain in the garden and filled "their crops" with water. Upon alighting upon the sugar the water was pumped out, and soon transformed the former into syrup, when, of course, each bee filled "his crop" and started back for the hive. From this two conclusions seem legitimate—first, that bees understand the principles of syrup making, and, secondly, that they can communicate their discoveries to one another.

Britain's Debt to Smiths.

The Smiths, in the first instance, won all our early wars. They forged the weapons which others wielded with so tremendous success. From Crecy to the Crimea British victories were owing in no small measure to the worthy craftsmen who have given so enormous a family to the nation.—London Standard.

Age of Trees.

When one hears the mention of a tree that has passed the century mark in years he is inclined to be dubious. And yet it is a well-known fact that the Brazilian cocoanut palm frequently lives as long as 600 or 700 years. It is asserted that the Arabian date palm lives to be 200 or 300 years old too. Near Paisley, Scotland, there still thrives an old oak tree that is known to be over 700 years of age; and there are eight olive trees on the Mount of Olives, near Jerusalem, which are known to have been flourishing as far back as 1099. Records show that the new trees at Fountains Abbey, Yorkshire, were old at the time the abbey was built, which was in the year 1132, yet these are still living. There are California redwoods that have withstood the onrush of time so well as to be manifold centenarians and still on their feet. The baobab trees of Africa have been computed in some instances to be over 5,000 years old, and the deciduous cypress at Chapultepec is considered to be even older than that. Humboldt said that the Dracaena Draco at Orotava, on Teneriffe, was one of the oldest inhabitants of the earth.—Kansas City Journal.

The British museum contains books written on oyster shells, bricks, tiles, bones, ivory, lead, iron, sheepskin and palm leaves.

Putting food into a diseased stomach is like putting money into a pocket with holes. The money is lost. All its value goes for nothing. When the stomach is diseased with the allied organs of digestion and nutrition, the food which is put into it is largely lost. The nutrition is not extracted from it. The body is weak and the blood impoverished.

The pocket can be mended. The stomach can be cured. That sterling medicine for the stomach and blood, Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, acts with peculiar promptness and power on the organs of digestion and nutrition. It is a positive cure for almost all disorders of these organs, and cures also such diseases of the heart, blood, liver and other organs, as have their cause in a weak or diseased condition of the stomach.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation—one a gentle laxative, two or three for a cathartic.

Blobbs—"That boy of mine never keeps a job long. He's in the glue business now." Slobbs—"He ought to stick at that."

SUFFERERS WHO SAY they have tried everything without benefit are the people we are looking for. We want them to know from glad experience that Ely's Cream Balm will conquer Cold in the Head, Hay Fever, and obstinate forms of Nasal Catarrh. This remedy acts directly on the inflamed, sensitive membranes. Cleansing, soothing and healing. One trial will convince you of its healing power. Price 50c. All druggists, or mailed by Ely Bros, 56 Warren St., New York.

Deacon Clovertop—"How are you gettin' on with your incubator?" Farmer Meddergrass—"Why, the darn thing hain't laid an egg since I got it."

A Reliable Remedy FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm

Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Liquid Cream Balm for use in atomizers 75 cts. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

HOW WALL STREET STARTED.

Defense, Was Origin of the Best-Known Thoroughfare in America.

On the morning of March 31, 1644, a man of clerkly appearance might have been seen standing at the entrance to the dilapidated fortress of New Amsterdam, with a sheaf of official papers in his hands, says Frederick Trevor Hill in Harper's Magazine. It was not an inviting prospect that confronted the observer that raw spring morning, for the roughly built, wooden houses scattered about the fort looked sadly weather-beaten, and the straggling, ill-made roads and paths which served as streets were littered with refuse and rubbish of every sort and ankle deep in mud.

The man at the fort did not, however, waste much time in gazing at these discouraging surroundings. They were familiar to him in every dreary detail, for Cornelius Van Tienhoven had been secretary of the council at New Amsterdam for many years, and if he had ever been disturbed by the prevailing wretchedness of the town, it had long since ceased to afford him the slightest concern. Slowly turning his back to the view, he tacked one of his official documents to the wall of the fort, and then swinging about and picking his way across the miry ground to a convenient tree, affixed another paper.

Van Tienhoven's handwriting was easily read. Indeed, good penmanship was the only qualification he had ever displayed for his office, that virtue had wholly failed to endear him to the populace, who hated the very sight of his clerical fist. The particular notice he had transcribed that morning, however, was singularly free of offense. It merely recited a resolution of the director and council of New Netherland, that a barrier be erected at the north of the settlement, sufficiently strong to prevent the straying of cattle and to protect them from the Indians and "warned" all interested persons to appear on "next Monday, the 4th of April, at 7 o'clock," for the prosecution of this work.

It was not long, therefore, before the colonists were hard at work at the projected cattle guard, and within a few days it stood completed. There is no authoritative information as to how it was constructed, but there is evidence that it consisted mainly of untrimmed trees felled at the edge of the adjoining forest and piled together to form a sort of a barricade, and that its northern line, running certainly from the present William street, New York City, to what is now Broadway, and possibly from shore to shore, marked the farthest limits of New Amsterdam, as it then existed, and practically determined the location of Wall street. Such was the origin of the best-known thoroughfare of the Western Hemisphere.

If You Want to Be Loved.

Don't contradict people even if you are sure you are right.

Don't be inquisitive about the affairs of even your most intimate friend.

Don't underrate anything because you don't possess it.

Don't believe that everybody else in the world is happier than you.

Don't declare that you have never had any opportunities in life.

Dont believe all the evils you hear.

Don't be rude to your inferiors in social position.

Don't repeat gossip even if it does interest a crowd.

Don't jeer at anybody's religious belief.

Candle Grease.

Lay out the garment, put a blotter (common white blotter) on the under side below point where the spot is and one on the top. Then take a hot flatiron and press. The heat will melt the candle grease and the blotter will absorb the whole of it. Repeat if necessary, using new part of blotter.

Germany's Hunters.

Consul Ifft of Annaberg reports that 600,000 hunting permits are issued every year in Germany. The government receives in fees something like $1,500,000. The annual kill by the hunters is estimated at 55,000,000 pounds, having a market value of $6,500,000.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co.,
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Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

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Directions with each Vial in Five Languages. English, German, Spanish, Portuguese and French.

No.	FOR	Price
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2.	Worms, Worm Fever, or Worm Disease	25
3.	Colic, Crying and Wakefulness of Infants	25
4.	Diarrhea of Children and Adults	25
5.	Dysentery, Gripings, Bilious Colic	25
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	25
8.	Toothache, Faceache, Neuralgia	25
9.	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo	25
10.	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach	25
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18.	Ophthalmia, Weak or Inflamed Eyes	25
19.	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in Head	25
20.	Whooping Cough, Spasmodic Cough	25
21.	Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing	25
27.	Kidney Disease, Gravel, Calculi	25
28.	Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness	1.00
29.	Sore Mouth, Fever Sores or Canker	25
30.	Urinary Incontinence, Wetting Bed	25
34.	Sore Throat, Quinsy and Diphtheria	25
35.	Chronic Congestions, Headaches	25
77.	Grippe, Hay Fever and Summer Colds	25

A small bottle of Pleasant Pellets, fits the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price.

Medical Book sent free.

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MEN THAT ARE POISONOUS.

An Experiment That Convinced an Inveterate Cigaret Smoker.

"You smoke 30 cigarets a day?"

"Yes, on the average.

"Yet you don't blame them for your run-down condition?"

"Not in the least. I blame my hard work."

The physician shook his head. He smiled in a vexed way. Then he took a leech out of a glass jar.

"Let me show you something," he said. "Bare your arm."

The cigaret fiend bared his pale arm, and the other laid the lean black leech upon it. The leech fell to work busily. It's body began to swell. Then, all of a sudden, a kind of shudder convulsed it, and it fell to the floor dead.

"That is what your blood did to that leech," said the physician. He took up the little corpse between his finger and thumb. "Look at it," he said. "Quite dead, you see. You poisoned it."

"I guess it wasn't a healthy leech in the first place," said the cigaret smoker sullenly.

"Wasn't healthy, eh? Well, we'll try again."

And the physician clapped two leeches on the young man's thin arm.

"If they both die," said the patient, "I'll swear off—or, at least, I'll cut down my daily allowance from 30 cigarets to 10."

Even as he spoke the smaller leech shivered and dropped on his knee dead, and a moment later the larger one fell beside it.

"This is ghastly," said the young man. "I am worse than the pestilence to these leeches."

"It is the empyreumatic oil in your blood," said the medical man. "All cigaret fiends have it. Smoke reasonably, and this oil will disappear, and you will be no longer deadly to the leech. Furthermore, your appetite will return, you will sleep better, and your muddy color will clear up. It is not hard work but hard smoking that has brought these troubles down on you."

"Doc," said the young man, regarding the three dead leeches thoughtfully, "I half believe you're right."

Follow Instructions.

A prominent physician tells of an amusing experience of the early days of his practice when he was residing in a small town where by far the majority of the workers were coal miners.

"I was greatly distressed by the unsanitary conditions prevailing in their cottages," says the doctor, "and among other things I tried to explain to each household the importance of maintaining a wholesome atmosphere in their sleeping rooms.

"I laid in a stock of thermometers, where they were most needed. I took pains to point out to each family in turn just how the thermometer would indicate the proper degrees of temperature.

"As I was making the rounds one day I inquired of the woman head of one establishment whether she had followed my instructions.

"'Yes sir,' answered she. 'I'm very careful about the temperature. I watch the thing all the time as it hangs up there.'

"What do you do when the temperature rises above 68?"

"'I take it down, sir, an' put it outside till it cools off a bit.'"—Modern Society.

NEST OF EAGLES.

It Was Discovered on the Famous Frankenstein Ledge, Crawford Notch.

More eagles have been seen in and about the White Mountains in New Hampshire recently than since early pioneer days and the only nest of the national bird known in New Hampshire was discovered on the crest of the famous Frankenstein ledge in Crawford Notch.

The species is the bald eagle of the mountains, from which the traditional emblem of the United States was designed, but it is not garbed so extensively in trousers as represented by artist Saint-Gauden's bird on the new gold coins.

Certain portions of the White Mountains afford a natural habitation for the eagle, the numbers of which have largely increased since the stringent game laws of the state prevented the general rifle shooting which once prevailed, especially throughout the "north country."

The nest of Frankenstein ledge was located by men in the employ of Charles H. Morey of Bemis. They were attracted by a pair of large eagles flying about in evident anger and distress, and they searched for the nest till they found it in a cleft in the rocks on the highest point of the cliff. There was an almost perpendicular rise on all sides to reach the break, and the birds evidently supposed the site to be beyond molestation.

Several younger eagles were seen in the vicinity, but they were all beyond the age requiring the fostering care of the older birds, and hustled across the notch to get away from the intruders.

The older birds, however, hung about the lumbermen and showed evidence of a willingness to take part in a mixup if too serious danger threatened their home in the rocky cleft.

The men got near enough the nest to note the general characteristics of its construction, but no attempt was made to despoil it, and those who have since been to the spot, say that the birds have returned to their abode and are now living in comfort.

The locality of the nest is almost inaccessible, except to the most hardened woodmen and mountain climbers but it may easily be found by those who have the fortitude to attempt the climb up Frankenstein ledge.

It is several years since any of the birds have been shot in northern New Hampshire, although numbers frequently have been seen about Lake Winnepesaukee in the summer. Rattlesnake Island is a favorite feeding ground for them until the snakes hibernate. The island is made up of ledges and is reputed to be the home of thousands of reptiles. It is one of the few bodies of land in Lake Winnepesaukee which does not boast summer cottages or camps.—Boston Herald.

Chinese Weights and Measures.

The measures and weights which were in vogue in the reign of King Hi, early in the present dynasty, are again to be put in force in China with slight modifications.

Pumice Stones.

Pumice is a mineral, agreeing in chemical composition with obsidian, of which it may be regarded as a peculiar form, rapidly cooled from a melted and boiling state, and it generally contains some prophyry.

The stone is very hard, and at the same time very brittle, but its most singular property is that of floating on water. In the arts it is used for polishing wood, ivory, metals, glass, slates, marble and lithographic stones, and in the preparation of vellum, parchment and some kinds of leather.

Boy Astronomer Discovers Comets.

With only a home-made telescope J. E. Mellish of Cottage Grove, Wis., a farmer's boy scarcely out of his teens, and having only a country school education, has discovered two comets and attracted the notice of the astronomical world. Prominent scientists have become interested in him, and opportunity has been made whereby he can pursue more effectively the study of his favorite science.

At the last general election in New Zealand there were 263,597 men and 212,875 women on the roll. There actually voted 221,611 men and 175,946 women. In 14 contests the women voters outnumbered the men. Of the candidates elected in these 14 constituencies only one was unmarried.

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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

JUNE ON THE GREAT LAKES.

Restful, delightful, interesting, and instructive, there is no trip like that on the Great Lakes; those inland seas which form the border line between the United States and Canada And June is one of the most charming months in the year in which to take the trip.

For comfort the fine passenger steamships of the Anchor Line have no superiors. As well-appointed as the palatial ocean greyhounds which plow the Atlantic, their schedule allows sufficient time at all stopping places to enable the traveler to see something of the great lake cities and to view in daylight the most distinctive sights of the lakes, and the scenery which frames them.

The trip through the Detroit River, and through Lake St. Clair, with its great ship canal in the middle of the lake, thence through Lake Huron, the locking of the steamer through the great locks at the Soo, and the passage of the Portage Entry, lake and canal, across the upper end of Michigan are novel and interesting features.

The voyage from Buffalo to Duluth covers over eleven hundred miles in the five days' journey. Leaving Buffalo, the steamships Juniata and Tionesta, make stops at Erie, Cleveland, Detroit, Mackinac Island, the Soo, Marquette, Houghton and Hancock, and Duluth,

The 1908 season opens on June 16, when the Steamer Tionesta will make her first sailing from Buffalo.

The Anchor Line is the Great Lake Annex of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and the service measures up to the high standard set by the "Standard Railroad of America."

An illustrated folder, giving sailing dates of steamers, rates of fare, and other information is in course of preparation, and may be obtained when ready from any Pennsylvania Railroad Ticket Agent, who is also prepared to book passengers who may desire to take this trip through the Great Lakes and back. 6-11-18.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT June 1 1904, and until further notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9.00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00 *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:15, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m.

First car leaves Catawissa Sundays at 7 30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect Feb'y 1st, 1908, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	A.M. †	P.M. †	P.M.	A.M.
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 00
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	...
Paper Mill	9 14	2 52	6 29	6 20
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 25
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 08
Zaners	9 40	3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 08	7 40
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 18	8 10
Edsons	10 00	3 37	7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	10 03	3 40	7 21	8 16
Laubachs	10 08	3 45	7 31	8 40
Grass Mere Park	10 10	3 47	7 33	....
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	9 0
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	9 1

SOUTHWARD.

	A.M. †	A.M. †	P.M. †	A.M. §	A.M. †
Jamison City	5 56	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	6 01	11 00	4 47	7 12	....
Laubachs	6 03	11 02	4 48	7 13	11 58
Coles Creek	6 12	11 06	4 53	7 22	12 05
Edsons	6 14	11 09	4 56	7 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	6 35	11 29	5 17	7 45	12 58
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville	6 50	11 42	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	7 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. P & R	....	....	....	8.25	2 10
Bloom. D L & W.	7 20	12 10	6 00	8.30	2 15

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† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily § Sunday only. f Flag stop.
W. C. SNYDER, Supt.

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All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1908.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS,
JOHN G. McHENY,
of Benton.

FOR MEMBER OF LEGISLATURE,
WM. T. CREASY,
of Catawissa,

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
FREEZE QUICK,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
FRANK W. MILLER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
CHRISTIAN A. SMALL,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
JOHN MOUREY,
of Roaring Creek Township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
CHARLES L. POHE,
of Catawissa.

JERRY A. HESS,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,
CLYDE L. HIRLEMAN,
of Benton Borough,
(Second Term.)

HARRY CREASY,
of Bloomsburg.
(Second Term)

OF INTEREST TO DEMOCRATS.

The National Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee has begun active operations at its headquarters at Washington, D. C. In addition to its regular work, it is now preparing a Campaign handbook which it hopes to have ready for distribution by July 1—two or three months earlier than heretofore.

The Committee is charged with the duty of assisting, in every way possible, the election of a Democratic Congress. We wish the active co-operation of every voter in the United States who believes, with us, that the election of a Democratic Congress would greatly benefit the country. We must rely upon the people to sustain our work by giving information as to local conditions, and suggestions for our guidance.

Each individual can at least aid us by making a contribution. Will he not do so and interest others in helping us, too?

We wish our Campaign handbook distributed as generally as possible, and we will furnish a copy, as soon as published, to every one who contributes to our Committee.

Send remittances to me at Washington, D. C.

JAMES T. LLOYD,
Chairman.

James Scarlet Esq., of Danville, delegate at large to the Republican National Convention at Chicago, was selected to make the speech seconding the nomination of Senator Knox for President.

Of course it was a good one. By the ability which he has displayed in the capitol graft cases, Mr. Scarlet has sprung into national prominence.

Bryan Has Enough Votes to Nominate

Nebraskan Has 668 Delegates Out of 1002 or the Two-Thirds Necessary to Choice.

The New York *Tribune* of last Sunday summarizes the Democratic situation as follows:

Seventy delegates to the Democratic National Convention have been chosen since the *Tribune's* last table of delegates-elect appeared on June 7. Full delegations were elected last week from Oregon, New Mexico, Kentucky, Virginia and Utah. All seventy delegates were instructed for Bryan, who now has a two-thirds majority.

The call for the National Convention fixed its membership at 1002, the Philippines being excluded from representation. Six Philippine delegates have been chosen, however, and will apply for admission. Of the 878 delegates so far elected, 668 are instructed for Mr. Bryan, or committed to his support, by resolutions of preference or public announcement. Twenty-two are for Johnson, 11 are for Gray and 177 are uncommitted. Mr. Bryan has the support of 76 per cent. of the delegates so far elected.

The distribution by States, territories and dependencies among the various candidates of the 878 delegates so far elected is shown in the following table:

Alabama	22	Nebraska	16
Alaska	6	Nevada	6
Arizona	6	New Hampshire	6
Arkansas	18	New Jersey	
California	20	New Mexico	6
Connecticut	4	New York	
Delaware		North Dakota	8
Dist. of Colum.	6	Ohio	46
Florida	4	Oregon	8
Hawaii	6	Oklahoma	14
Idaho	6	Pennsylvania	36
Illinois	54	Porto Rico	
Indiana	30	Rhode Island	4
Iowa	26	South Carolina	18
Kansas	20	South Dakota	8
Kentucky	26	Texas	36
Louisiana	18	Utah	6
Maine	6	Virginia	24
Maryland	4	Washington	10
Massachusetts	24	West Virginia	14
Michigan	28	Wisconsin	26
Minnesota		Wyoming	6
Missouri	36		
Montana		Total	668

Among the 177 uncommitted delegates are ten from Connecticut, six from Maine, twelve from Maryland, eight from Massachusetts, two from New Hampshire, 24 from New Jersey, seventy-eight from New York, twenty-seven from Pennsylvania, six from Porto Rico and four from Rhode Island.

Judge Gray's eleven votes come from Delaware and Pennsylvania.

Governor Johnson's twenty-two come from his home State of Minnesota.

Contests are being made for six seats from the District of Columbia by an uninstructed delegation and for six seats from Idaho by a rival Bryan delegation.

Total membership of the convention of 1908, 1002. Necessary to a choice under the two-thirds rule, 668.

The Song of the Hair

There are four verses. Verse 1. Ayer's Hair Vigor stops falling hair. Verse 2. Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the hair grow. Verse 3. Ayer's Hair Vigor cures dandruff. Verse 4. Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the scalp healthy, and keeps it so. It is a regular hair-food; this is the real secret of its wonderful success.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

A Ready-Made Republican Creed.

The candidate to be nominated by the convention having been selected in advance, it was appropriate that the platform for the convention to adopt should also be written and given to the press before the convention was called to order. The Republican party having destroyed the deliberative character of the House of Representatives, it has now degraded the national convention to the level of a mere ratification meeting.

Of course, the most delicate task in compounding the platform was to get over the panic of last fall, which not only occurred under a Republican Administration, but of which the President's speeches and messages were a contributing cause. All the financial reverses for half a century—the panics of 1873, 1884, the partial panic of 1890, the severe stringency of 1902 and the panic of 1907—occurred under Republican Administrations, with the single exception of the panic of 1893, which came before the Cleveland Administration had had time to do anything and which was caused mainly by the Republican silver legislation of 1890, aggravated by the sacrifice of revenue which the McKinley tariff effected. In view of this perfectly familiar record, it provokes laughter rather than resentment that the platform attributes to "the operation of Republican policies the recent safe passage of the American people through a financial disturbance which, if appearing in the midst of Democratic rule, or the menace of it, might have equaled the familiar Democratic panics of the past." This is really the finest achievement of political impudence that can be found in our history.

The platform bristles with plain falsehoods. That Congress did not enact a lot of the Roosevelt measures is attributed to the Democratic filibuster. Everybody knows it was due to the opposition of Cannon, Payne, Dalzell and other Republican leaders to the President. The statement that the Democratic party opposed the Anti-Trust law and refused to enforce it is plain lying. Senator Sherman introduced an Anti-Trust bill, but Senator Vest said he wrote more of the measure as it passed than Senator Sherman did. The Cleveland Administration originated or pushed to the highest Courts suits against two great industrial combinations. The statement that the Democratic party stands for the contraction of American influence in the world has no other warrant than Democratic support of the traditional anti-imperialistic policies of the American nation. President Cleveland challenged England in the case of the Venezuelan boundary, the boldest step ever taken in support of the Monroe doctrine, and he warned Spain of the impending interference of the United States in Cuba if the disorders should not speedily cease. The statement that "the Democratic party of today believes in Government ownership" is a grotesque falsehood, for Mr. Bryan's proposition of the Government ownership of railroads was so promptly rejected by Democrats all over the country that Mr. Bryan made haste to declare that it was not a present issue.

For mendacious effrontery the platform goes far beyond all political documents of its class.

—*Phila. Record.*

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills relieve pain.

State Paying School Funds.

Last week the State began payment of the largest annual school appropriation made by any commonwealth in the United States, and within the next six months no less than $7,500,000 will be paid out of the state treasury for education.

This is over $2,000 000 in excess of what is paid by New York, and far ahead of Massachusetts, Texas and other states where large educational appropriations are made. It is one half of $15,000,000 school appropriation made by the last legislature and urged by Governor Stuart in his inaugural address, being carried to fruition by the efforts of State Treasurer John O Sheatz, then chairman of the appropriation committee of the House.

Mr. Sheatz will make the payments as fast as the warrants are sent to him by Superintendent of Public Instruction N. C. Schaeffer. Dr. Schaeffer makes up the warrants from reports made by local districts. These districts receive the money for reimbursement of what they paid during the year ending June 1, and must certify that they paid the minimum salaries of $40 and $50.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

ROTTENNESS IN PHILADELPHIA.

There is nothing new in the developments of fraud in Philadelphia. Senator McNichol acknowledges that the jury was "fixed" in the Salter case and that John Weaver, then district attorney and subsequently compensated by promotion to the office of mayor, was cognizant of and contributary to the conspiracy. But every intelligent observer of events knew that at the time. For that reason we repeatedly admonished the public against placing faith in the reform professions of Weaver. He had proven himself a corruptionist and a man with such a record can't represent genuine reform any more than a leopard can change its spots.

But the developments of the last couple of weeks in relation to the frauds in Philadelphia are important, nevertheless. They indicate that the machine has so accurately measured the civic immorality of the people of Philadelphia that its leaders no longer think it necessary to conceal its iniquities. McNichol feels confident no exposures will turn the people of that city against an organization which pays them for their support. So long as the loot is divided with reasonable liberality it may continue the plundering operations and the chief boodler is therefore willing to let the whole world know. That is the assurance of the confident criminal.

We are inclined to share in the opinion of Mr. McNichol. In 1906 the people of Philadelphia knew that in voting to restore the Republican party to power they were voting for the resumption of the looting operations. Yet by enormous majority they declared in favor of the restoration, and subsequently, in the election of Mayor Reyburn, testified to their satisfaction with the result. Such exposures as those of the last few days add nothing to the enormity of the crimes that have been perpetrated but they prove that the community is morally rotten and serve as a warning to the outside world. It is inconceivable that such a people can be trusted in anything.

—*Watchman.*

Robbing the Widow.

Widows of deceased veterans of the civil war should beware of the greedy pension sharks at Washington. These sharks are sending out letters to widows soliciting their applications for pensions under the recent act of congress. The act provides that widows who have been receiving less than $12 per month should have their pensions increased to $12.

It is not necessary for the beneficiaries of this law to make application to anybody for this increase, as the amount will be paid them when they present their vouchers to the pension agency at Pittsburg. The pension agent at Pittsburg says it is not necessary for a widow to send her pension voucher, executed as usual, before July 4. A check for $34 will be mailed her with a request to return her certificate after July 15, in order that the same may be stamped with the new rate.

Address Every Package.

After the first of next July, shippers will be obliged to use caution in making freight shipments smaller than car load lots. On that date an order will go into force to the effect that the transporting companies will refuse to accept any shipment smaller than a car load if the package is not plainly marked with the name of the consignee and the name and address of the consignor. This rule is enforced to protect the railroad companies from damage claims arising from unmarked consignments going astray, as it was the practice of some shippers in sending out a large number of packages at one shipment, to mark one and simply initial the balance or leave them blank.

Former state officials Matthues, Snyder and Shumaker, who were on trial at Harrisburg for conspiracy in overcharging the state for metal cases, were acquitted by order of the Judge, and Architect Huston and Contractor Cassell were found not guilty by the jury. This may be all right and according to law, but the fact still remains that the state was robbed by somebody of several millions in the new capitol job.

SUBSTANTIAL

Lowering of Suit Prices!

Today we commence a period of Suit Selling destined to be the best in the department's history. To get quickly to the bottom of the matter, these few facts are told. Within a very short time the space occupied by these suits will be taken for advance summer garments. This low price method is taken to get what Spring Suits remain out in time to accommodate the new arrivals.

The following prices will prove interesting to the woman who has yet to purchase her Spring Suit.

$10.00 SUITS FOR $7.50.

Latest styles stripes and plain colors. Sale Price $7.50.

$12.00 SUITS FOR $9.98.

Blue and brown, self striped Panama, Prince Chap Style. Sale Price $9.98.

$14.00 SUITS FOR $10.00.

Worsteds and self stripe Panama, Prince Chap and Cutaway style. Sale Price $10.00.

$17.50 SUITS FOR $15.50.

Excellent quality of Chiffon Panama, blues, browns and black. Jacket 27 inches, ¾ fitting back with dip front, worth $20.00. Sizes 14 to 40. Sale Price $15.50.

$18.00 and $20.00 SUITS FOR $12.98.

Sizes 14 to 36—every suit a new creation.

22.50 and 23.00 SUITS FOR 16.00

Elegant materials and tailorings—blues, brown and greens. Many of the best models. Sale Price $16.00.

25.00 SUITS FOR 17.50.

Excellent assortment, most all sizes in this lot. Best styles included. High grade handsome materials.

32.00 and 35.00 SUITS FOR 25.00.

The newest creations. Some of them copies of fine imported models, fine quality of fabrics—good color variety. Sale Price $25.00.

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

We Have Ten Styles of

Envelopes and Paper to Match

—FOR—

Invitations, Acceptances, Regrets, Announcements, &c.

Full size Wedding with two Envelopes, down to Billet-doux size with Card to Fit.

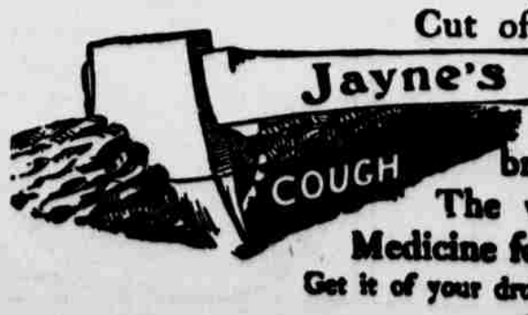
Twenty-Four Styles of Type

FOR CARDS AND INVITATIONS.

We Do All Kinds of Printing

Columbian Printing House,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.



Cut off that cough with Jayne's Expectorant and prevent pneumonia, bronchitis and consumption. The world's Standard Throat and Lung Medicine for 75 years.

Get it of your druggist and keep it always ready in the house.

EVANS' SHOE STORE

Ready for Spring Business.

Great 1908 Spring line of Shoes and Oxfords. Every Shoe or Oxford in our Spring line will carry with it ALL THE QUALITY it is possible to put into a shoe consistent with price.

Prices $1.50 to $6.00

ALL SIZES.

THE PROGRESSIVE SHOE STORE

CHAS. M. EVANS.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JUNE 18 1908

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Fishermen are more numerous than fish these days.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Harry S. Barton on Monday.

A lawn festival will be held at St. Columba's church on June 28, and 29.

Milton Yorks is home from Lafayette College for the summer vacation.

Theta Castle, K. G. E. has fixed August 15th as the date for their annual picnic.

William Mensch is building a large new barn on his farm in Montour township.

Peter Dietrick's third trial for murder will begin in Wilkes-Barre on September 21st.

The Six County Firemen's Association will hold their convention at Danville next year.

C. P. Elwell's eight piece orchestra gave a dance at Columbia Park on Wednesday night.

Dr. Waller was one of the examiners at the Shippensburg Normal School this week.

Charles Albert, son of Prof. and Mrs. C. H. Albert, graduates at Lafayette College this week.

Danville is hoping to have a $20,000 armory, to be built by the state under the Act of May 11, 1905.

Joseph Demoree has completed his Junior year at Dickinson College, Carlisle, and is home for the summer.

Espy has a band of fifteen pieces, and is led by Mr. Hughes. They made their first appearance on Friday evening.

Ask for Allen's Foot Ease.

A powder for swollen, tired, hot, smarting feet. Sample sent FREE. Also Free Sample of the Foot-Ease Sanitary Corn-Pad, a new invention. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 6-11-4t

The Men's Bible Union will hold their annual picnic at Columbia Park next month. The date has not yet been fixed.

Washington Camp No. 313, P. O. S. of A. will go to Hazleton in October to attend the annual convention of the order.

Hon. W. T. Creasy received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Susquehanna University at its recent commencement.

H. V. White Esq., attended commencement at State College this week. He is a trustee, and secretary of the Board of Trustees.

The frog season does not open until July 1st, and continues until November 1st. The penalty for catching frogs out of season is $25 per frog.

The C. &. M. Electric Railway Company have moved their offices to the rooms formerly occupied by Frank Ikeler, Esq., as law offices, over the post office.

Mayor Dimmick has started the agitation for the establishing of a university at Scranton, and has expressed the opinion that the coal barons should contribute part of the endowment fund.

Albra W. Baker, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

DISEASES OF CHILDREN A SPECIALTY

Corner of Third and West Streets,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Hours:—Until 10 a. m. 1 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m. Both Telephones.

5-7-6m

The contract for painting the river bridge has been awarded by the commissioners to Andreas & Bundy of Mifflinville, and they are doing the work.

To relieve Elmer Weil, of Pottsville, of heart trouble, surgeons at the Pottsville hospital sawed out three of his ribs which had been pressing on that organ.

The Danville police are after dogs with shot guns by order of the borough council. Every dog found that is not "properly and securely muzzled" will be killed.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Beglinger and son left here last Saturday for New York, and on Tuesday they sailed for Germany, where they will spend three months.

Many of the clergymen of Bloomsburg, Berwick and other county towns held a picnic at Columbia Park on Tuesday, about sixty persons being present.

Dr. D. J. Waller, two daughters and son, will leave here on Saturday, to sail for England, where they will meet Mrs. Waller and Miss Elizabeth, and spend the summer.

The state examiners are now engaged in examining the several classes at the Normal. It will probably be Saturday night or Monday morning before the result will be known.

There are a number of cases of diphtheria in town. The spread of the disease is largely owing to negligence in not reporting, for fear of quarantine, and to neighbors and others visiting infected houses.

Farmers are complaining that the cool nights prevent the corn from growing. It is a fact that in many fields the corn is very low, but never mind, for if it doesn't grow pretty soon corn will be high enough next fall.

Last Thursday ex-Sheriff J. B. McHenry, of Benton, caught a trout that measured 23 inches, and weighed 5 pounds. It was probably the largest one ever caught in that section. It was taken in Fishing Creek, above Benton.

The following letters are held at Bloomsburg, Pa. postoffice: Rev. P. Crane, Mr. D. C. Drum, J. B. Griffin, Miss Maude Hewitt, Mrs. Amelia Kantner, Mr. Emanuel Keifer, Mrs. W. B. Rogers, Miss Alice Welliver; Cards: Miss Irene Crawford, Miss Linnie Duncan, Howard W. Walters.

Here is Relief for Women.

Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered an aromatic, pleasant herb cure for women's ills, called **Australian Leaf.** It is the only certain regulator. Cures female weaknesses and Backache, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50 cents. Sample FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y. 6-11-4t

The Lackawanna has asked for bids for building a proposed cut-off between Lake Hopatcong and the Delaware Water Gap, which when completed will make the route from New York to Buffalo ten miles shorter. The proposed cut-off will cost about $10,000,000, engineers figure. It is said it will be one of the most expensive pieces of road ever built in the East.

R. J. Thompson, of Dushore, Sullivan county, has a fac simile of a document which is 68 years old, but contains references which have a familiar sound. It is an invitation sent out for a Harrison Reform Dinner at Wilkes-Barre, July 4, 1840, in that famous campaign which elected William Henry Harrison the ninth President of the United States and placed a new party, with new political methods, in power. Mr. Thompson prizes the fac-simile very highly, as his ancestors were prominently connected with the campaign in Wilkes-Barre at that time.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The State Department of Fisheries will place a large quantity of sunfish at the disposal of the State Department of Health to place in mosquito-haunted streams this summer. The sunfish are now reported as building their nests, and a large crop of young ones are expected. As soon as they are movable they will be put into such localities as Dr. Dixon's department may designate.

One of the claims of the Republican party upon the suffrages of the people is that if it be intrusted with another term of power it will reform the defects in the currency. Its own financial authorities have been pressing it to effect the reforms for many years, and it has paid no attention to them until the recent session, and all it could accomplish then was a sorry makeshift consisting of two discordant schemes tacked together. Where is the party going to get the wisdom during the next four years that it has not acquired during the last four, or eight, or sixteen?

Scarcity is urged by the Beef Trust as the reason for driving up prices. But the New York State Association of the Master Butchers of America retort that there are plenty of cattle in Canada and Argentina and if the duty on them were repealed they could be imported and the price of meat would go down. The Master Butchers have adopted resolutions to this effect and sent a copy of them to the President, by whom they will receive as much attention as he is in the habit of giving to efforts to bring a little foreign competition to bear on the Trusts which have suppressed nearly all the domestic competition.

Alfred Truman, a well-known Jefferson county lumberman, tells this story on the Philadelphia milkman in The Brookville Republican. He says a rich lawyer, name not mentioned, keeps a fine stock of dairy cows on the outskirts of the city, and one day last summer some poor children were permitted to go over this farm, and at the close of their inspection each child was given a glass of milk from one of the finest cows of the herd. "How do you like it, boys?" asked an attendant, when the little fellows had drained their glasses. "Fine! fine!" said one youngster, and after a pause he added: ,'I wish our milkman kept a cow."

Crop reports are so good now that the mathematicians of the Department of Agriculture have been figuring on the amount of farm wealth that will have been produced by the end of the season and conclude that it will fall not much short of eight billion dollars. Two years ago it was estimated to be a little under seven billions and last year it was very nearly seven and a half billions. It will be seen, therefore, that the aggregate is increasing at the wholesome rate of about five hundred millions a year. The chief statistician says: "Now the ninth promising crop is practically assured. Never have there been nine such years of big yields and high prices." But we have really had twelve years of agricultural prosperity. It was the large wheat crop of 1897 and the unusual foreign demand that started the revival of business. There has hardly been a break in the large crops and good prices since. There was one small corn crop and one small cotton crop, but in both instances the prices made the crops exceptionally profitable to the farmers.

—*Phila. Record.*

For headache Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills.

"Blind Tom" Dies.

Famous Negro Musician Entertained Thousands for Years.

"Blind Tom," famous negro musician, marvel of three generations of playgoers, died last Saturday in Hoboken, N. J., where he had been living for years in retirement and subsisting on charity. Thomas Wiggins is the name given in his burial certificate but the surname was one which the famous pianist adopted. He was born a slave near Columbus, Ga.

In early childhood Tom, who was born entirely blind, and more than half idiotic, showed himself remarkably imitative, frequently stealing into the house of his master to reproduce on the piano forte pieces he had heard played by others. In 1861 he became so proficient on the instrument that he was taken to New York and exhibited as a phenomenon and later was widely heard in the United States and Europe.

He played in Bloomsburg several times. He drew large audiences, and must have made much money for somebody. It is strange that he should have died in poverty.

Royal Arcanum Doings.

Arrangements Being Made for June Meeting of Associated Councils.

The Associated Councils of the Royal Arcanum of the Susquehanna Valley which is composed of the Royal Arcanum Councils of this vicinity is progressing nicely.

Arrangements are being made for the June meeting which will be held with Lewisburg Council on Thursday, June 25th.

Quite a number of the Councils embraced in this association are initiating new members and the old members are taking a great deal more interest in the meetings.

Utility and Williamsport Councils of Williamsport, held Ladies' Night in May, at which entertainment was provided for the "better halves" and others who expect to be later on.

Milton Council is arranging for a picnic to celebrate Royal Arcanum Day, and some of the other councils are also arranging for celebrations.

The members seem to be acting on the theory that they want some benefit while alive, as well as for their families when they have passed away.

The recent meeting of Supreme Council at Chicago, which was attended by W. H. Druckemiller, of Sunbury, president of the Associated Councils, and A. Laedlein, of Williamsport, two of the representatives from Pennsylvania, was very satisfactory. The business affairs of the order were found to be conducted on correct business principles and the order at large was in splendid financial condition and a great deal of enthusiasm was displayed by the representatives present. Mr. Druckenmiller was elected to the office of Chaplain of the Supreme Council.

Making the Home Attractive.

The modest country home, the one we love to remember, can be improved wonderfully by a few days' cleaning up. Straighten up those crooked fence posts, and nail on a few pickets where those are missing. Dig up those old unsightly quince bushes in the front yard, and remove the old dead cherry tree that has been there as long as you can remember. Take the grindstone back in the barn yard or workshop, and move the ash barrel into the side yard, where you can build a shed over it, and allow grandmother to make her soft soap, just as she did fifty years ago. Trim up those old-fashioned rose bushes, and reset the hollyhocks along the garden fence. Make a new arbor for the beautiful honeysuckle vine, and level up the ground a little and sow some grass seed. See if a little generously applied labor does not produce a marked change. If the house is old and dingy, and you cannot afford to repair it and make it appear more modern, you can add much to its appearance in keeping the surroundings neat and attractive. Flower seeds and bulbs are not expensive, and even if you do not have the ready money to procure them from the dealers, a little study and labor on the part of those in the home can produce a number of attractive ornamentations to a little home. It is an easy matter to secure a few of the more common plants, and neat beds, with an old hollow stump and several rustic hanging baskets, and a rock mound of native ferns, will completely transform the dreary place into one of comfort and real beauty.

DESPERATE CONDITIONS.

In the army the pull is mightier than the sword by all odds. It is no wonder that conditions in the military service, as described by Chairman Hull, of the house military committee, are "desperate."

Mr. Hull's son was made a major and soon afterwards, lieutenant colonel in violation of the rule of promotion by seniority and merit. The son-in-law of Senator Warren, chairman of the senate military committee, was promoted from the rank of captain to that of brigadier general at one bound, in violation of the same rule. General Wood, for being a chum of the president, was raised from the rank of colonel to that of major-general. Political pull and personal favoritism have filled the higher ranks of the army with incompetents; and this has disgusted the trained officers who have been kept down by that vicious policy.

It is now proposed to conciliate those professional military men by raising their pay; or in other words, by bribery. But the panic brought on by the extravagance and vicious tariff and financial legislation of the Republicans is likely to make the bribery scheme impossible, and many young officers will abandon the army for civil life. The private soldiers are already deserting by scores.

QUEEN OF ACTRESSES PRAISES PE-RU-NA.

MISS JULIA MARLOWE.

"I Am Glad To Write My Endorsement Of The Great Remedy Pe-ru-na. I Do So Most Heartily."

Julia Marlowe.

ANY remedy that benefits digestion strengthens the nerves.

The nerve centers require nutrition. If the digestion is impaired, the nerve centers become anemic, and indigestion is the result.

Peruna is not a nervine nor a stimulant. It benefits the nerves by benefiting digestion.

Peruna frees the stomach of catarrhal congestions and normal digestion is the result.

In other words, Peruna goes to the bottom of the whole difficulty, when the disagreeable symptoms disappear.

Mrs. J. C. Jamison, 61 Marchant street, Watsonville, Cal., writes:

"I was troubled with my stomach for six years. I tried many kinds of medicine, also was treated by three doctors.

"They said that I had nervous dyspepsia. I was put on a liquid diet for three months.

"I improved under the treatment, but as soon as I stopped taking the medicine, I got bad again.

"I took the medicine for two years, then I got sick again and gave up all hopes of getting cured.

"I saw a testimonial of a man whose case was similar to mine being cured by Peruna, so I thought I would give it a trial.

"I procured a bottle at once and commenced taking it. I have taken several bottles and am entirely cured.

"I have gained in strength and feel like a different person. I believe Peruna is all that is claimed for it."

Nervines, such as coal tar preparations, are doing a great deal of harm. Sleep medicines and headache powders are all alike,—heart depressants, and should not be used. The nerves would be all right, if the digestion were good. Peruna corrects the digestion.

INTEREST TO YOU.

We are now giving you extra large interest on your money in the way of Big Reduction in prices of many lots of goods. It will pay you to visit the CLARK STORE.

GALATEA CLOTHS

For Suits, Skirts and Childrens wear..... 15c yd

DRESS GINGHAMS.

A lot of 12½c Dress Ginghams at..... 10c yd

32 in. PERCALES

in Newest Patterns for Wash Suits, Waists, Skirts, &c., regular 12½c goods....now 10c

WHITE PETTICOATS

A big line newest effects, all prices. See the 85c., 98c., $2.00 and $2.50.

HOSIERY

All kinds, All Colors. All Prices. See them.

WHITE DRESS GOODS

All kinds for all purposes. All at special prices. Come and see the goods. You can save money.

PRINTED BATISTE

Regular 16c goods. Good patterns.....now 2½c

TAILORED SUITS

Away down go the prices on these fine stylish Suits. Nearly ½ off now. See them.

16c PERCALES NOW 12½c

All the newest printings including plain colors, best goods of kind made. Yard wide, now 12½c yard.

KNIT UNDERWEAR

Fine line regular sizes, and for stout or large people.

THE CLARK STORE

Republican National Convention.

The Republican National Convention is now in session in Chicago. That Taft will be nominated for President is a foregone conclusion. Who the candidate for Vice-President will be is uncertain.

A fight is on over the adoption of the platform, the chief struggle being on the plank referring to the use of injunctions in labor controversies. Taft wants an anti-injunction plank, and many others are afraid of its effect on the labor vote. That and money panic while the Republican party is in full control of the government, are hard nuts to crack.

News of the Resorts.

The Philadelphia Press has arranged to print as usual, all the latest news and gossip of the Summer resorts. Seashore and mountain resorts will be equally well covered. *The Philadelphia Press* is always copiously illustrated with excellent photographs and sketches. It is a true newspaper in every sense of the word. Read it every day.

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC.

Chas. P. Elwell announces that he will be pleased to receive all former pupils on violin and pianoforte, as well as new ones. No beginners taken, and no evening lessons, owing to band and orchestra work. Latest and best methods.

Terms strictly cash by the lesson or month. Address Hotel Hidlay, Bloomsburg, or call up on Bell 'phone any afternoon between 1 and 2. tf

Farmers Carry San Jose Scale.

Bring Infested Trees from a Distance Into Their Own Orchards.

A. Woodward Stephens, orchard inspector for the State department of agriculture in this section, is authority for the statement that the farmers are careless in the matter of bringing trees infested with the San Jose scale unto their farms.

Last week Mr. Stephens was inspecting orchards in the Muncy hills—and, while that section is not badly infested with the scale, he found a number of places where young peach and plum trees, badly infested with the insect, had been brought from farms at a distance or from town and planted in an orchard which had previously been free from this much dreaded pest. In other places the owner had brought grafting wood of a choice variety from a distant orchard and with it brought San Jose scale to infest his trees.

The State is carefully inspecting nurseries and licensing only those where proper care is taken to send out stock that is free from the scale.

Mr. Stephens suggests that the farmers be very sure that the trees which they intend to plant or the wood they intend grafting, no matter where it comes from, be free from the scale when they get it. It is a difficult undertaking to control the scale when it gets into an orchard. It is much easier to keep it out by care in planting only such trees as are free from it.

THE CONVENTION OPENS

Platform Which Will Be Submitted and Probably Adopted.

PLEDGES OF PARTY

Currency Legislation—Anti-Trust and Railroad Laws—Protection of Wage Earners—Measures to Aid Farmers—Preservation of Forests Some of Subjects Touched Upon.

Chicago, June 18.—The delegates to the Republican National Convention, gathered in the Coliseum on Tuesday, were called to order by Senator Julius Caesar Burrows, of Michigan, and the seventh session of the party in Chicago had begun. The platform, which will be submitted to the Committee on Resolutions, and unless all predictions fail will be recommended for adoption is as follows:

Once more the Republican Party, in National Convention assembled, submits its cause to the people. This great historic organization that destroyed slavery, preserved the union, restored credit expanded the National domain, established a sound financial system, developed the industries and resources of the country, and gave to the Nation her seat of honor in the councils of the world, now meets the new problems of government with the same courage and capacity with which it solved the old.

In this, the greatest era of American advancement the Republican Party has reached its highest service under the leadership of Theodore Roosevelt His Administration is an epoch in American history

Under the guidance of Republican principles the American people have become the richest Nation in the world. Our wealth to-day exceeds that of England all her colonies and that of France and Germany combined. The United States now owns one-fourth of the world's wealth, and makes one-third of all manufactured products. In the great necessities of civilization, such as coal and motive power of all activity; iron, the chief basis of all industry; cotton, the staple foundation of all fabrics; wheat, corn, and all the agricultural products that feed mankind American supremacy is undisputed.

Nothing so clearly demonstrates the sound basis upon which our commercial, industrial, and agricultural interests are founded, and the necessity of promoting their continued welfare through the operation of Republican policies, as the recent passage of the American people through a financial disturbance.

ARTHUR L. VORYS.
Who started the Taft Movement in Ohio.

The Republican Party declares unequivocally for a revision of the tariff by a special session of Congress immediately following the inauguration of the next President, and commends the steps already taken to this end in the work assigned to the appropriate committees of the two Houses which are now investigating the operation and effect of existing schedules

The Republican Party passed the Sherman anti-trust law over Democratic opposition, and enforced it after Democratic rejection. It has been a wholesome instrument for good in the hands of a wise and fearless Administration.

The enactment in constitutional form by the present session of Congress of the employers' liability law; the passage and enforcement of the safety-appliance statutes, as well as the additional protection secured for engineers and firemen, the reduction in the hours of laborers, trainmen, and railroad telegraphers; the successful exercise of the powers of mediation and the arbitration between inter-State railroads and their employes, and the law making a beginning in the policy of compensation for injured employes of the Government are among the most commendable accomplishments of the present Administration.

Among those whose welfare is as vital to the welfare of the whole country as is that of the wage earner the American farmer. The prosperity of the whole country rests peculiarly upon the prosperity of agriculture. The Republican party during the last twelve years has accomplished extraordinary work in bringing the resources of the National Government to the aid of the farmer.

The Republican Party has been for more than fifty years the consistent friend of the American negro. It gave him freedom and citizenship. It wrote into the organic law of the land the declarations that proclaim his civil and political rights.

We reaffirm former declarations that the civil service laws, enacted, extended, and enforced by the Republican Party, shall continue to be maintained and obeyed.

We indorse the movement inaugurated by the President for co-operative conservation of natural resources. We approve all measures to prevent the waste of timber, and commend the work now going on for the reclamation of arid lands.

We adhere to the Republican doctrine of encouragement to American shipping, and urge such legislation as will revive the merchant marine prestige of the country so essential to National defense, the enlargement of foreign trade, and the industrial prosperity of our own people.

We indorse the movement designed to secure the organization of all existing National public health agencies into a single National health department, and favor such legislation as will affect this purpose.

Another Republican policy which must be ever maintained is that of generous provision for those who have fought the country's battles and for the widows and orphans of those who have fallen.

FRANK H. HITCHCOCK.
Taft's Campaign Manager.

The American Government, in Republicans hands, has freed Cuba, given peace and protection to Porto Rico and the Philippines, under our flag, and begun construction of the Panama Canal.

Upon this platform of principles and purposes, reaffirming our adherence to every Republican doctrine proclaimed since the birth of the party, we go before the country, asking not only the support of those who have acted with us heretofore, but of all our fellow-citizens who, regardless of past differences, unite in the desire to maintain the policies, perpetuate the blessings, and make secure the achievements of a greater America.

STAMPEDE IMPROBABLE.

Taft's Managers Have Matters Well In Hand and Do Not Fear.

Chicago, June 18.—The absolute domination of this convention by the President was clearly demonstrated in its opening hours.

The only time the convention got away from the Washington regulations was when Senator Burrows, temporary chairman, declared that the power of the courts must not be curtailed. The greatest cheer of the day followed this declaration.

Some things stood out like electric flares. The first is that there is no real enthusiasm for Taft. Whenever his name was mentioned it was cheered, but it was manufactured enthusiasm.

The second is that the delegates are all for Roosevelt, but when his name was mentioned it was plain that the President held a burr bit on the enthusiasm.

The real trouble of the convention started when the platform drafters met. A long wrangle about the anti-injunction plank, woman's suffrage and other issues followed. There is no doubt that the bitterest fight of the convention will be over the anti-injunction plank. A poll says that the President's wishes in this direction will be beaten by a score of 26 to 28, but this is not authentic.

There is the bitterest kind of feeling, and Speaker Cannon is leading the anti-injunction fight. He has rallied strong support, and it is considered probable that there will be an emasculated plank of this kind, if it is not eliminated altogether.

The developments of the day show no change in the nomination situation. It is probable that the name of the President will be presented to the convention, but the Taft managers have the matter so well in hand that any stampede seems improbable.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

Bodies found in Northern Quebec indicate acts of cannibalism on the part of French hunters lost with their guides in the forests.

As the result of a conference called by Secretary Straus, new orders will be issued making the physical requirements for aliens the same at all United States ports.

Raymond A. Pearson, New York State Commisioner of Agriculture, declared his policy under the new cattle law would reduce the use of the new tuberculin test to the minimum.

A Jerseyman whose carriage didn't meet him and who had to walk home was so angry he thoroughly enjoyed thrashing two highwaymen who held him up.

More than 1,000 Christian workers at Tent Evangel in Broadway, New York, cheered Governor Hughes for his anti-race-track bills victory.

At Chicago Senator Scott of West Virginia started a boom for Mr. Roosevelt, but the movement to renominate the President was not taken seriously.

"Blind Tom," a negro pianist, whose right name was Thomas Wiggins, died of paralysis in Hoboken.

Property owners are said to be planning a revolution in order to prolong the United States control in Cuba.

Estimates on the democratic Presidential situation give W. J. Bryan a total of 776 votes, instructed and uninstructed.

News of the Chicago Convention indicate that the delegates are becoming restless at the domination from the White House.

Harry K. Thaw's lawyers failed to procure an order commtting him to an asylum than that for the criminal insane at Matteawan, but the Justice's attitude indicated that Thaw will not be returned to Matteawan.

Richard Croker, Jr., the only livin son of the former Tammany chieftain, married Miss Mary Brophy, a niece of Mr. and Mrs. P. T. Bannigan, wealthy society people of Providence, R. I.

The jury which has been hearing the case against Raymond Hitchcock, the actor, on charges brought by Helen Von Hagen, a seventeen-year-old girl, acquitted him of the charges.

A statue of John W. Mackay was unveiled and the Mackay School of Mines, the gift of Mr. C. H. Mackay and his mother, was dedicated at Reno, Nev.

O. H. P. Belmont died at his Hempstead home, after a valiant battle for life against the ravages of peritonitis.

Edwin C. Raney, a pilot, died from rabies in the Smith Infirmary, New Brighton, S. I., as the result of dog bite inflicted nine months ago.

Baron Takahira, Japanese Ambassador, was made Doctor of Laws at the one hundred and sixty-first commencement of Princeton University.

The Bremen, a German cruiser, anchored in the North River, on her first visit to New York.

The New York Central railroad, is preparing to sell $13,000,000 debenture bonds for improvements.

The motor-boat Irene II. reached Bermuda about four hours too late to win her race with the Ailsa Craig on time allowance.

Joseph Leiter and Juliette Williams were married in Washington.

Theatrical managers and play producers threaten to quit booking their plays in Canada unless steps are taken to enact adequate copyright laws before May 1 next.

Twins were born to Charles E. Yanak, seventy-two years old, of Hillstown, Conn.

FOREIGN.

Society in the German capital is pleased at the new diplomatic appointments to the German Embassy there.

The Shah of Persia refused to recall exiled officials and threatened to blow up the capital if resistance were made to his rule, says a special cable from Teheran.

A special cable from Yokohama tells of continued efforts by the Japanses to induce the Chinese to suppress the boycott agitation.

Mr. Ogden Mills has arrived in London to attend the wedding of his granddaughter, Miss Jean Reid, says a special cable from London.

Empress Augusta Victoria, while riding with the Emperor at Sans Souci, fell from her horse, fortunately, however, suffering no other injury than bruises.

Dr. Jean Sicard, well known physician or Paris, said that the tuberculin test applied to human patients might lead to dangerous errors of diagnosis.

MEAT PRICES JUMP.

Porterhouse Steak 30 Cents a Pound; Sirloin, 25 Cents.

New York, June 18.—Beef is higher than it has been since 1902 at this time of the year, and the cost of other meats has risen in sympathy. Porterhouse steak is retailing at 30 cents a pound. Other steak and beef cuts are proportionately high.

Last Winter, just after the first effects of the financial panic had been felt, it was reported that breeders of cattle were unable to get enough money to feed their stock, and that a larger number of cattle than usual fed mostly on grass the preceding Summer would be thrown upon the market. This was done and the market glutted. Then came the reaction. There were fewer cattle in feeding than in former years, and the demand for what there was raised the price all along the line.

The recent floods in the South and Middle West have prevented many sellers from bringing their cattle to market, and thus the supply has been still further curtailed for the time being. About this time in 1902 some cattle sold as high as $8 a hundred pounds on the hoof, and the average was about $6.50. The following year for instance, the average price was $4.50 in June. The cause of the 1902 high prices was a corn famine.

A dispatch from New York to a Chicago cattle paper said that wholesale beef men of the East are somewhat alarmed at the advancing prices of meat, but that the people of New York and adjacent country had apparently found some substitute for beef, since the demand was not as great as had been expected in view of the shortage of cattle.

Produce men in New York say this substitute is found in vegetables, which have been selling in much greater quantities in the last month or so than ever before at this season of the year. The vegetable men declare that people who formerly had meat on the table once a day are now satisfied with meat twice a week.

From Florida in a Rowboat.

Annapolis, Md., June 17.—George W. Johnson, who is making a trip from St. Augustine, Fla., to New York City in a single scull rowboat made entirely of newspaper pressed like papier mache, has arrived in Annapolis. The boat in which he is making his twelve-hundred-mile trip is composed of newspapers published all over this country, from Maine to California, and from Alaska to the Bahamas. There are about twenty thicknesses of paper, the headlines having been clipped separately and placed along the outside.

Negro May Second Taft.

Washington, June 15.—Booker T. Washington, in reply to a question, admitted that a negro may make one of the seconding speeches for Secretary Taft at the Republican National Convention. Secretary Taft has talked the matter over with several persons and the plan is said to have been agreed to. Mr. Washington would not, however, give an intimation as to who the speaker would be. It is said this probably would be announced within the next few days.

Wants Tariff Revised Upward.

Chicago, Ill., June 16.—"The Tariff League is in favor of a revision of the tariff—upward—whenever an industry can be made more prosperous and thereby give employment to wage earners."

That is the keynote of a statement issued by Charles A. Moore, president of the American Protective Tariff League, and indorsed by several prominent members of the league, who are here to create whatever impression they can in favor of the "stand pat" principle.

BASE BALL.

Standing of the Clubs.

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	30	17	.638	Philadelphia	22	22	.500
Pittsburg	28	20	.583	Boston	22	27	.449
Cincinnati	26	20	.565	St. Louis	22	31	.415
New York	24	23	.511	Brooklyn	17	31	.354

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	31	20	.608	Philadelphia	24	27	.471
Cleveland	29	23	.558	New York	23	27	.460
St. Louis	29	24	.547	Boston	25	30	.455
Detroit	27	21	.529	Washington	19	32	.373

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT—No. 2. Red 95⅝@99c. No. 1, Northern Duluth, $1.14¼.
CORN—No. 2, 77@79c.
OATS—Mixed, white, 53½@55½c.
BUTTER—Western firsts, 22½c@23c. State Dairy 21½@22½c.
CHEESE—State, full cream, 14½@15c.
EGGS—State and nearby, fancy, 20@21c.; do., good to choice, 18½@19½c.; western firsts, 15-½@18c.
BEEVES—City Dressed, 10@12c. Country Dressed, 7½@10½c.
SHEEP—Per 100 lbs., $3.00@$5.00.
HOGS—Live per 100 lbs., $5.90@$6.10.
HAY—Prime per 100 lbs., 92½c.
STRAW—Long Rye, 75@90c.
LIVE POULTRY—Spring Chickens per lb., 22c.; Turkeys per lb., 11c.; Ducks per lb., 11@12c.; Fowls per lb., 13½c.
DRESSED POULTRY—Turkeys per lb., 12@17c.; Fowls perlb., 11@14c.; Chickens, Phila., per lb., 35@40c.
VEGETABLES—Potatoes, State per sack, $2.25@$2.50.
ONIONS—White per crate 25@$1.00.

PLANK ON INJUNCTIONS.

Demands Consideration by Judges Before Orders Are Issued.

Chicago, June 18.—A real fight is in prospect for the Chicago Convention. The Administration's concession to labor in the anti-injunction plank has stirred up the conservative eastern men and it is declared that if this plank is put into the platform it will be opposed on the floor of the convention. Speaker Cannon hurried here from Danville to line up the opposition to the Administration. He said he preferred retirement from public life to the acceptance of such a policy. The injunction plank reads.

SPEAKER JOS. CANNON.

We declare for such an amendment of the statutes of procedure in the Federal courts with respect to the use of the writ of injunction as will, on the one hand, prevent the summary issue of such orders without proper consideration, and, on the other, will preserve undiminished the power of the courts to enforce their process, to the end that justice may be done at all times and to all parties.

Arrests at Race Track.

New York, June 16.—Fifteen thousand persons journeyed to Gravesend to witness the first death struggles of racetrack betting in this State. They were rewarded by seeing fourteen spectacular arrests of men who are alleged to have violated the Hart-Agnew anti-racing act. The outcome of the first day of the existence of the new anti-gambling bill was that racetrack betting to all intents and purposes has been killed. At the outset at least one thousand men interested in betting either as bookmakers or bookmakers' clerks, were thrown out of employment. The general opinion expressed at the track also was that the attendance will be so greatly reduced by the removal of this feature of racing in New York as to cause a great reduction in the various other grades of help now earning a livelihood.

Gallery of Bank Clerks.

Pittsburg, June 16.—Pittsburg is to have one of the most remarkable "galleries" that ever existed. It will be nothing less than a collection of photographs of all the bank employes of the city, together with their measurements, their pedigrees, their business careers, their political and religious beliefs and all other information respecting them. Within the last three years Pittsburg banks have lost almost $7,500,000 through dishonest employes. Every person employed in banks in Pittsburg will have to have a photograph taken, and this, together with the data about him, will be filed in one central place, which will be accessible to all the banks. In this way the bankers hope to keep track of all the men who work in banks and to ascertain at a glance whether their records are good or bad.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, and to me directed there will be sold at public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, County and State aforesaid on

SATURDAY, JUNE 20th, 1908

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Madison and Pine townships, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a pitch pine, thence by land of Jesse Mather, South two degrees West thirty-eight and five tenths perches to a stone; thence South thirty-seven and five tenths degrees East thirty-three perches to a post and stone; thence by other land of Thomas Polk estate sold to Samuel Lee, North fifty-one degrees East one hundred and sixty-one perches to a small hiskory; thence by land of Benjamin Lee, North forty degrees West sixty-two perches to a post; thence by land of Benjamin Lee. Daniel Rote's estate and Wm. Mathers, South fifty-one degrees West one hundred and thirty-seven perches to the place of beginning, containing

SIXTY ACRES AND NINETEEN PERCHES OF LAND,

more or less, whereon are erected

A HOUSE and OUTBUILDIMGS.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of M. B. Hock vs. John Lawton, and to be sold as the property of John Lawton.

CHAS. B. ENT,
Sheriff.
Clem R. Weiss, Attorney. 5-28-3t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed there will be sold at public sale at the Court House at Bloomsburg, County and State aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 20th, 1908

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate:

All that certain piece, parcel and tract of land situate in the Township of Hemlock, County and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a stone in line of land of William Ivey thence by same north fifty eight degrees west nine and seven-tenths perches to a post, thence north six degrees west six and six-tenths perches to point on bank of head-race, thence—ten and twenty-five hundredths degrees east two and five-tenths perches to a stone, thence north sixty degrees east seven and four-tenths perches to a stone in the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Buckhorn, thence north twenty-three and seventy-five hundredths degrees east fourteen and two-tenths perches to a stone, thence north seventy nine degrees east one and six-tenths to a corner near a spring house thence north three degrees west one perch to a stone, thence south fifty-two and five-tenths , east two and four-tenths perches to a stone, thence south seventeen and seventy-five hundredths degrees west five and one-tenth perch to a stone, thence south two and seventy-five hundredths degrees west eight and six-tenths perches to a stone in the public road, thence south seventy-two degrees east eleven and one-tenth perches to a white oak, thence along land of James Barton south fifty degrees west twenty-one perches to a stone, the place of beginning, containing

TWO ACRES AND EIGHTEEN PERCHES OF LAND,

whereon are erected a

STEAM AND WATER POWER GRIST MILL,

known as the "Red Mill" and

THREE DWELLING HOUSES

with outbuildings with the reserved rights and water-rights as set forth in a certain deed of conveyance to William Ivey dated May 25th 1881 recorded in Columbia County in Deed Book No. 33 at page 411, etc., together with the seven (7) acres of land containing the dam or reservoir of said water power as described and conveyed to I. W. McKelvy by Wm. Ivey and wife by Deed dated September 1st, 1882, recorded in Columbia County in Deed Book No. 35 at page 354.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of William Krickbaum vs. I. John Davenport and The Hemlock Milling Company Terre-Tenant, and to be sold as the property of I. John Davenport.

CHAS. B. ENT, Sheriff.
Fred Ikeler, Attorney. 5-28-4.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE of VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned administratrix of Millard O. Bowman, late of Mifflin township, Columbia county, deceased, will sell at public auction on the premises in said Mifflin township, on

TUESDAY, JUNE 23rd, 1908

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

TRACT No. 1.—All that certain piece, parcel or lot of ground situate in the village of Mifflinville, in the County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner at the intersection of Fair and Fifth street, and running thence along Fair street Southwardly to land of A. B. Creasy, thence along land of said A. B. Creasy Westwardly to land of Daniel Miller, thence along land of said Daniel Miller Northwardly to Fifth street, and thence along said Fifth street Eastwardly to Fair street, the place of beginning, containing TWO ACRES, more or less, whereon is erected

A DWELLING HOUSE, STABLE and OUTBUILDINGS.

Good well of water on the premises.

TRACT No. 2.—All that certain piece, parcel or lot of ground situate in the village of Mifflinville, County of Columbia, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner at the intersection of Fair and an unnamed street, and running thence along unnamed street Westwardly to land of J. C. Brown, thence along land of said J. C. Brown Northwardly to land of G. P. Frymire, thence Eastwardly to land owned by H. C. Hess, thence along land of H. C. Hess Southwardly and thence along land of said H. C. Hess Eastwardly to Fair street and thence along Fair street to place of beginning, containing SIX ACRES, more or less.

Terms made known on day of sale.

MINNIE C. BOWMAN,
Administratrix.
Frank Ikeler, Atty.] Mifflinville, Pa.
H. J. Pursel, Auctioneer, 5-28-4t.

Trespass Notices.

Card signs "No Trespassing" for sale at this office. They are printed in accordance with the late act of 1903. Price 5 cents each. tf

A Money-Maker for Agents.

"THE OLD WORLD AND ITS WAYS"
—BY—
William Jennings Bryan

576 Imperial Octavo Pages. 251 Superb Engravings from photographs taken by Col. Bryan.

Recounting his trip around the world and his visits to all nations. Greatest book of travel ever written. Most successful seller of this generation. **Four Editions in 4 months.** The agent's harvest. Write at once for "Territory" and "Agent's Outfit."

Agent's Outfit Free.—Send fifty cents to cover cost of mailing and handling.

Address,
The Thompson Publishing Co. St. Louis Mo

5-28-4t.

BRYAN IS INEVITABLE

Colonel Watterson Declares He'll be Nominaton First Ballot.

FOR A UNITED PARTY

Says Nebraskan Will Carry Kentucky, but Won't Predict the Outcome in November—Declares the Nomination of Mr. Cleveland was a Blunder.

Lincoln, Neb., June 18.—Col. Henry Watterson came to Lincoln for a political conference with W. J. Bryan.

Neither the Colone' nor Bryan would discuss their meeting in a general way. Mr. Bryan preferred that the Colonel do the talking, and he was willing.

"For the last three months," said Mr. Watterson, "I have accepted Mr.

COL. HENRY WATTERSON.

Bryan as the inevitable candidate of the Democratic party for President. He will be nominated easily on the first ballot. I expect to make as earnest a fight through the campaign as ever in my life."

Asked whether Mr. Bryan is stronger this year than in 1896 or 1900, Col. Watterson said:

"In my judgment he will be. He will go to the polls in November for the first time with a united party behind him. How much support he will get from sources outside the party remains to be seen. But I believe he is stronger in every way than before. The outcome will depend on the way the campaign shapes itself."

Col. Watterson said nothing was certain beyond the nomination of Bryan and Taft, but that Democrats had as much reason as Republicans to hope for victory.

"Have the Republicans any chance of carrying Kentucky?"

"None whatever. Bryan will get the State by 20,000 or 30,000 majority. The election of a Republican governor last fall was due to local dissensions among the Democrats which have no relation to the national campaign. About 3,000 Democratic voters stayed at home and 5,000 others supported the Republican ticket. This year there will be few stay-at-homes and no defection at the polls."

Mr. Watterson went over past political history maintaining that the nomination of Mr. Cleveland was a blunder and declaring that his administration brought the party disaster in the subsequent campaigns.

"We are," he said, "actually today where we left off thirty-two years ago. From the two terms of Mr. Cleveland we got nothing except some agreeable changes in the personality of the official fabric. The tariff is worse than Cleveland found it. He left not a Democratic measure of relief and reform on the statute books."

Pipe Line from Illinois.

Pittsburg, June 17.—The oil fields of Illinois are to be drained by pipes to the seaboard, a distance of 1,000 miles. There has been closed in Pittsburg an agreement to construct at once a pipe line from Bradford, Penn., to Robinson, Ill., 550 miles, to be connected at Bradford with the six-inch line which now runs from there to Bayonne, N. J., carrying most of the oil output of the Northern Pennsylvania fields. The Tidewater Pipe Line Company, which owns the line from Bradford to the coast, will build the extension, tapping als the fields of Northern Ohio, and the cost of the entire extension will be in the neighborhood of $2,500,000. This will be the first time the oil from Illinois has been pumped direct to the seaboard.

Prohibition Shelved in Louisiana.

Baton Rouge, La., June 17.—Louisiana will not become a prohibition State during the term of the present Assembly. This was decided by the House of Representatives when that body by a vote of 58 to 47 indefinitely postponed consideration of the Doussan bill, providing for a referendum on State-wide prohibition.

Parcels Post Agreement.

Washington, June 17.—A parcels post agreement between the United States and France has been signed by Postmaster General Meyer and Ambassador Jusserand.

What Do They Cure?

The above question is often asked concerning Dr. Pierce's two leading medicines, "Golden Medical Discovery" and "Favorite Prescription."

The answer is that "Golden Medical Discovery" is a most potent alterative or blood-purifier, and tonic or invigorator and acts especially favorably in a curative way upon all the mucous lining surfaces, as of the nasal passages, throat, bronchial tubes, stomach, bowels and bladder, curing a large per cent. of catarrhal cases whether the disease affects the nasal passages, the throat, larynx, bronchia, stomach (as catarrhal dyspepsia), bowels, (as mucous diarrhœa), bladder, uterus or other pelvic organs. Even in the chronic or ulcerative stages of these affections, it is often successful in affecting cures.

The "Favorite Prescription" is advised for the cure of one class of diseases—those peculiar weaknesses, derangements and irregularities incident to women only. It is a powerful yet gently acting invigorating tonic and nervine. For weak worn-out, over-worked women—no matter what has caused the break-down, "Favorite Prescription" will be found most effective in building up the strength, regulating the womanly functions, subduing pain and bringing about a healthy, vigorous condition of the whole system.

A book of particulars wraps each bottle giving the formulæ of both medicines and quoting what scores of eminent medical authors, whose works are consulted by physicians of all the schools of practice as guides in prescribing, say of each ingredient entering into these medicines.

The words of praise bestowed on the several ingredients entering into Doctor Pierce's medicines by such writers should have more weight than any amount of non-professional testimonials, because such men are writing for the guidance of their medical brethren and know whereof they speak.

Both medicines are non-alcoholic, non-secret, and contain no harmful habit-forming drugs, being composed of glyceric extracts of the roots of native, American medicinal forest plants. They are both sold by dealers in medicine. You can't afford to accept as a substitute for one of these medicines of known composition, any secret nostrum.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels.

Redeeming the Dromomaniacs.

If anybody is a "dromomaniac" without knowing it, he need not remain long in ignorance. Mrs. Russell Sage's latest philanthropy will clear it up. She has given $50,000 to start a fund for the reclamation of tramps, and seems very much in earnest about disbanding the army of homeless wanderers.

The genus tramp is to be studied, analyzed, classified, cleaned up and eliminated. Mrs. Sage is going about it just as seriously as she is dealing with the general scheme of philanthropy—digging down to first principles. She will have developed a sort of natural history of the tramp, and apply to his annihilation the methods of the natural sciences. She will go after him as the government has gone after the boll weevil.

And why not? The tramp is surely a proper object of scientific research. A Western Reserve professor has written a ponderous tome on the American lobster. And is not one hobo of the value of many lobsters? The national committee of 100 that has been selected to gather "bum" data may be expected to do its work thoroughly. There is no doubt of the efficiency of this body. Among many names notable in the field of dromomaniac research is that of Dr. Ben L. Reitman, "king of the tramps" and a tower of literary strength.

Reitman has already contributed vastly to "bum" literature. His "Plea for a Proper Classification and Appropriate Treatment of the Itinerant Vagrant" is a classic. He has studied and labelled the whole limbo of wanderers. He has analyzed the neuropathic bum, the psychopathic vagrant the anaemic derelict, the brakebeam wanderer, the ambulatory paranoiac, and all the rest. Eighteen years on the road have qualified him.

In a Public Library.

Did you ever observe the girl behind the counter of the juvenile department of the public library? Did you ever realize what a task confronted her daily? Did you ever stop to think what a combination of gray matter and patience was needed?

Well, the girl has taken a little of her crowded time to tell the public her experiences of just five minutes of a Saturday, for it is on Saturdays that she finds her task most trying.

"I have started thrice today to write five minutes' experience and thrice have I been interrupted for five minutes more," she says. "It seemed that each time I began a score of grimy little hands each pair tightly clasping a fingermarked, dog-eared picture book, have thrust themselves under my nose, here and there an impatient demand that the 'li-berry teacher' should mark off their books or find them 'The Tale of Mrs. Tiggy Winkle' or 'Peter Rabbit.'

"And so the 'li-berry teacher' with a half spoken thought of 'duty before pleasure' (with sounds a little more wrathful than philosophical) rises to the call of Young America and with seeming cheerfulness rummages around till 'Mrs. Tiggy Winkle' and 'Peter Rabbit' are aroused from their slumbers to another day of strenuous life."

Steel box cars have been built recently which will weigh about 3,000 pounds less than wooden cars of the same size and capacity.

A letter addressed to "The man who wears the tallest hat in Bristol" has been correctly delivered in that English city.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD.

"THE ROAD OF ANTHRACITE."

If you contemplate spending the Summer months in Florida or California, call upon our local ticket agent for particulars.

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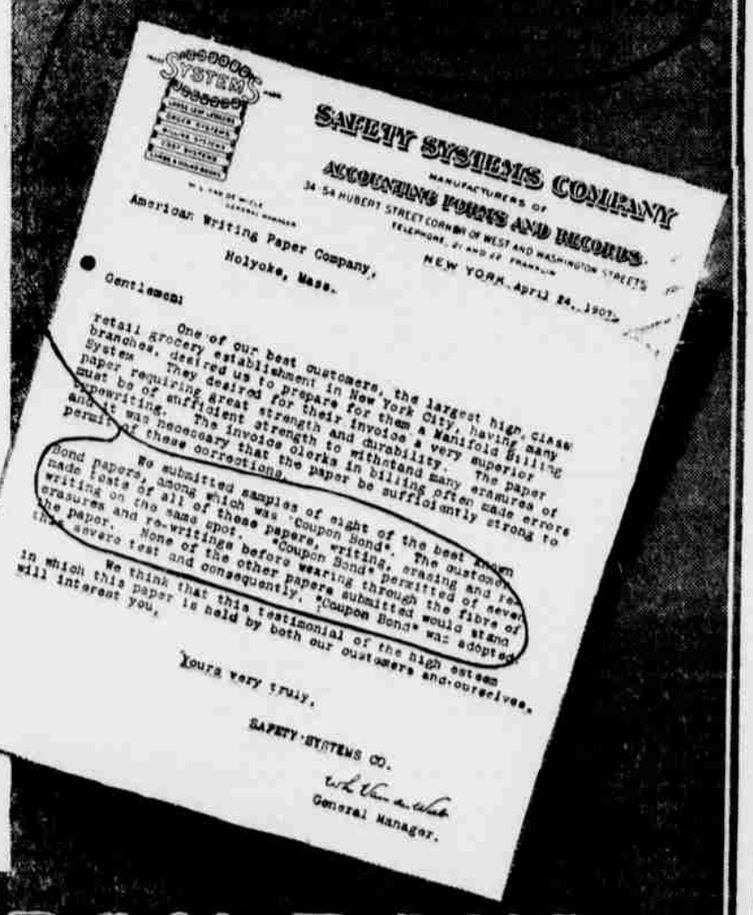
WILL STAND SEVEN COMPLETE ERASURES


SAFETY SYSTEMS COMPANY
MANUFACTURERS OF
ACCOUNTING FORMS AND RECORDS
34-54 HUBERT STREET CORNER OF WEST AND WASHINGTON STREETS
TELEPHONE, 27 AND 28 FRANKLIN
NEW YORK, April 24, 1907.
American Writing Paper Company,
Holyoke, Mass.
Gentlemen:
One of our best customers, the largest high class retail grocery establishment in New York City, having many branches, desired us to prepare for them a very superior Manifold Billing System. They desired for their invoice a paper of great strength and durability. The paper requiring great strength and durability to withstand many erasures of typewriting. They desired for their invoice clerks in billing often made errors and it was necessary that the paper be sufficiently strong to permit of these corrections.
We submitted samples of eight of the best known Bond papers, among which was "Coupon Bond". The customer made tests of all of these papers, writing, erasing and re-writing on the same spot. "Coupon Bond" permitted of seven erasures and re-writings before wearing through the fibre of the paper. None of the other papers submitted would stand this severe test and consequently, "Coupon Bond" was adopted.
We think that this testimonial of the high esteem in which this paper is held by both our customers and ourselves will interest you.
Yours very truly,
SAFETY SYSTEMS CO.
General Manager.

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Carried in stock at the

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RALPH. R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT-LAW.
Ent Building, next to Court House
Bloomsburg, Pa.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office Over First National Bank.
Bloomsburg, Pa,

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Witt's Building.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

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J. H. MAIZE
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EAL ESTATE AGENT
Office in Townsend's Building
Bloomsburg, Pa,

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ATTORNEY AT LAW
Ent's Building, Court House Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

SADE T. VANNATTA
(Successor to C. F. Knapp)
GENERAL INSURACE
Office 238 Iron St., Bloomsburg,
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WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' uilding over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg,
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

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I. A. SNYDER, Proprietor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, ba rooms hot and cold water and all modern conveniences.

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Large and convenient sample rooms, rooms, hot and cold water, and modern c veniences. Bar stocked with best wines and liquors. First-class livery attached.

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HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURG
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9 a. m. to 2 p. m., 5.30 to 8 p. m.
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C. WATSON McKELVY,
Fire Insurance Agent.
Represent twelve of the strongest companies in the world, among which are
Franklin of Phila., Penna., Phila.
Queen, of N. Y. Westchester, N. Y.
North America, Phila.
Office: Clark Building, 2nd Floor.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1908.

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., June 15, 1908.

Mr. Bryan's lead in the race for the Democratic Presidential nomination increases from week to week and, apparently, the opposition has given up all hope of defeating him, or of even preventing his nomination on the first ballot. The attention of Democratic politicians in Washington is now turned to the second place on the ticket, and while there have been many rumors connecting John Mitchell with this place, it is now believed that the labor vote would not be especially pleased by such a choice. The claim is made that Mitchell would be more influential as governor of the State of Illinois, to which office he is said to aspire, than as presiding officer of the Senate.

***

A question which seems to agitate the minds of many politicians, both Democratic and Republican, is the platform that the Democracy will make at Denver, and the claim is made that if it condemn government ownership of railroads, it cannot nominate Mr. Bryan, and if it indorse government ownership, it will be tantamount to a surrender of the election in advance; again, if it be silent on that question and nominate a man in favor of it, the party will have the burden of the issue to carry. It is generally admitted to be a knotty problem and the question is, What will the convention do with it?

***

It is understood that much of the platform is already written and that it will declare for tariff revision in the interest of those who favor the revision and against a revision of the tariff by the friends and beneficiaries of that measure. It will endorse W. J. Bryan and it will contain censure of the Republican party for its reckless and extravagant expenditures; denounce the action of the lower House of Congress in passing the Crumpacker bill to restrict Southern representation in Congress; and declare for the improvement of the public highways.

***

A movement has been set on foot to make Washington the permanent convention city of the Grand Army of the Republic and a systematic campaign has been instituted, with this end in view, by the Board of Directors of the Chamber of Commerce of this city. At a meeting of the board it was decided to have the secretary of the chamber communicate with every Grand Army post in the country, and with such other organizations and individuals as may be of benefit in accomplishing the desired result.

***

Governor Glenn, of North Carolina, called on the President recently, by whom he was most cordially received, and he told a correspondent that he was just in receipt of a letter from Mr. Bryan asking him to second his nomination for the Presidency.

***

Secretary Straus has arranged for a thorough investigation of the operations of the telegraph companies of the country, under the provisions of a resolution adopted recently by the Senate. The inquiry will extend into the receipts and expenditures of the two companies, the wages they pay, the condition of their employes, the hours of labor, and other matters pertaining to the operation of the companies. Secretary Straus has placed the investigation in the hands of the Commissioner of Labor, Dr. Charles P. Neill, and the Commissioner of Corporations, Herbert Knox Smith. They will co-operate in the work of the inquiry, Commissioner Neill looking after the labor end and Commissioner Smith conducting the investigation into the financial affairs of the companies. The report will be ready for submission to the Senate when it reconvenes in December next.

***

The anti-vivisectionists of Washington are planning a full "campaign of education and enlightenment, which they hope will result in government regulation of vivisection. They have been greatly encouraged in their efforts by the adherents they are daily adding from Washington's most substantial residents. The number of physicians, especially, who have signified great interest in the movement and have lent their signatures to the cause is exciting much comment. According to the claim of the enthusiasts, vivisection is not done for the most part by doctors, but by physiologists, and while the practice has been defended by the medical profession, they claim the physicians are now coming to feel that it is being carried too far and should be regulated.

***

The Department of Commerce and Labor is formulating regulations under which the act will become effective passed by Congress at its recent session making the government liable to certain classes of employes injured in the course of their employment. Investigations of accidents for which claims for damages have been filed will be made by the Commissioner of Labor, and while no appropriation is carried by the act for making these investigations, Secretary Straus is of the opinion that an arrangement can be made by which the work may be carried on expeditiously and satisfactorily without the addition of any great expense to the department.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Rocking the Boat.

One of these Fools Taught a Lesson by a Sensible Girl.

The fellow who rocks the boat when it is occupied by young women is without doubt the silliest fool in the land. Just what kind of mania possesses the man who rocks the boat when he indulges in that kind of "fun" is not known, but it transcends in imbecility almost every other kind of insanity. The chap who rocks the boat is the sort of fool that deserves to be rowed to the middle of the river, dumped into the water and allowed to swim to shore or sink to a coward's grave. Too often, however, the fool who rocks the boat lives to repeat the offense.

Occasionally, however, the fellow who rocks the boat meets with his just reward. One of these imbeciles was in a boat containing two young ladies on the Schuylkill river, near Philadelphia, Sunday. The idiot began to rock the boat to frighten the girls, and one of these promptly struck him on the jaw, knocking him into the water. Then she rowed the boat to shore and the funny man had to swim for his life, unfortunately being able to reach shore, although in an exhausted condition. If all girls whose lives are imperiled by the fool who rocks the boat were to adopt this Philadelphia girl's method of suppressing idiots the lesson might strike home to others of this class of weak-minded young men.—*Ex.*

Beef Soaring.

The following from the Williamsport Sun represents the situation there and elsewhere: If the price of beef continues to advance as it has during the past few weeks it will soon be a luxury confined exclusively to those who have money to burn. Already a number of local meat dealers have practically boycotted it as an article of merchandise, and tomorrow on the curbstone market it will be found that many butchers who heretofore have handled beef will be selling other meats exclusively. Wholesale prices have been advanced four cents a pound over normal conditions and the retailers either have to make a big advance, lose money or stop selling it. The condition does not apply to Williamsport alone, but is general throughout the country, and reports from some cities say that many retailers will be forced out of business. One of the leading dealers in the market house said that in his twenty years' experience in the meat business he had never known beef to be as high as at present. "If it was not for the other meats we handle," he said, "we couldn't do business. We're not trying to sell beef now and are urging our customers to buy other meat, the prices on which have not advanced. We are helpless. The packers have raised the price and we must do likewise if we want to continue in business."

SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Notice is hereby given that I have this day sold and conveyed to Boyd Christian the following personal property belonging to me, and heretofore in the possession of the Trustee in Bankruptcy of the Smith-Supplee Company, Limited: Knife grinder, hanging scales, 77 (Plow) points, platform scales, digger, 44 pails stock food, bags and binder canvass, drill wheels and poles, 2 sleighs, buggy, spring wagon, lot of tools, 4 sets of harness, sled runners, twine, grind stone, truck, 2 safes, wire screen and rods, extension table, buggy poles and stable tools, 3 desks, letter files and cases, office chairs, lamp, clock, sad irons, elevator hoist, heater in cellar, horse cover, 2 strings of bells, and bolt and nail cases.

That the said Boyd Christian has this day taken possession of said goods

June 15, 1908. H. G. SUPPLEE.
6-18-2t*

COMMON ERRORS ABOUT EYES.

Not So Many Persons With Sore Eyes as Formerly.

One of the most noteworthy advantages of the present epoch is that sore eyes are almost unknown; likewise cross eyes. Even so short a time as a generation ago it was a common thing to see people of all ages and conditions with inflamed eyes. As for strabismus, one does notice a case of it now and then, but it is very exceptional.

A generation ago cross eyes were regarded as a hopeless misfortune. A child thus afflicted was obliged to go through life with one eye looking inward, or outward, as the case might be. It was not only a deformity, but a misfortune in other ways; for a person who is badly cross eyed sees out of only one eye.

Nowadays, however, save in rare instances, the matter can be set right by a simple surgical operation. It is mainly for this reason that one sees so few persons who are cross eyed, as compared with a few years ago. As for sore eyes, they are cured, or prevented by glasses which correct the troubles, such as near sight or astigmatism, which are the cause of the mischief.

Perhaps the most curious of the many absurd popular notions about eyes is that which causes people to refrain from wearing needed glasses for the reason that "if they once put them on they will always have to use them." In such a belief there is only one germ of truth. When glasses that are needed have once been adopted, nobody is ever willing to give them up, simply because the improvement of vision, or gain in comfort, is such that they quickly make themselves indispensable.

There is scarcely anything about which popular ignorance is so profound as it is in regard to eyes. Ever so many people will confess to wearing glasses for astigmatism; but ask one of them what astigmatism is and the answer, if any, is a random guess. Yet astigmatism is simply an irregularity in the curvature of the cornea, which is set in the front of the eye like a watch glass. One often hears it said that oculists occasionally take out eyes, clean them, and put them back; yet nothing could be more impossible, without destroying sight. When "old sight" comes, as it does to all normal eyes at fifty years or earlier, complaint is made that the sight is failing; but the fact is that the eyes are as good as ever, but need mild convex glasses to help the focus at the near point. Cataract is supposed to be a film over the eye, whereas it is really an opacity of the crystalline lens behind the pupil. To such absurd beliefs, indeed, there is no end.

Marble of Carrara.

The Tuscan town of Carrara is wholly given up to the marble trade. It is situated on the Avenza, about five miles from the Mediterranean coast, thirty miles northwest of Pisa; and it is surrounded by the marble hills which have made it famous. In the province of Carrara there are nearly 1,300 quarries, of which over 300 are near the town of Carrara.

The marble is a white saccharoid limestone, which derives its values to the sculptor from its texture and purity. The marble used for this purpose is only obtained in a few of the quarries, where the stone is of particularly fine quality.

The quarries are on the sides of the mountain, a branch of the Apennines, at heights varying from 500 to 3,500 feet. They are served by a mountain railway of ten miles in length, opened in 1890, which descends from 1,500 down to the sea.

The marble is exported at the average rate of 160,000 ton annually. Besides the quarrymen the marble finds employment for hundreds of cutters, masons, polishers and other workmen.

The quarries have been worked from very ancient times. The Romans knew the marble as Marmor Lunense, from Luna, an Etruscan town in the neighborhood.

Transit, until the railway is reached, is naturally a serious difficulty. The trucks bearing huge blocks of marble from the quarry to the railroad are drawn by oxen, as many as seventeen yoke being sometimes employed to carry one block.

Another difficulty to be met is the need to cut the marble in large blocks since for certain purposes—sculpture, for example—the smaller blocks are useless—Detroit News-Tribune.

Undiscovered Le Mans.

An enormous square full of a confusion of farmers and peasants in blouses, cattle, carts, women in white caps; on one side, a line of cafes; on the other, a line of trees; at the far end, high above the busy market, silent and serene in the bustle and stir and noise, gray with age, splendid in beauty the buttressed, pinnacled east end of a mighty church—this is always the first picture that rises before me when I hear or read the name of Le Mans.

The town of Le Mans is only as far away from Chartres as Chartres is from Paris. It is close to Brittany. It is the ancientca pital of the ancient province of Maine, which gave its name to one of our oldest states, and was the convenient battlefield for the long fight of France with England. But like so many other places, memorable, charming, interesting, Le Mans still belongs as far as the tourist goes, to undiscovered France.—The Century.

STATEMENT

—OF—

BLOOMSBURG SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR YEAR ENDING JUNE 1, 1908

L. M. SLEPPY, Collector.
DR.

To Bal. on Duplicate 1904—		$ 329 16

CR.

By Amt paid Treas	$112 17	
" Commission	5 83	
" Additional Exon.	211 16	
		329 16

L. M. SLEPPY, Collector.
DR.

To Bal. on Duplicate 1905—		1899 32

CR.

By Amt. paid Treas.	$ 059 59	
" 5 per cent. Com.	55 77	
" Bal. on Duplicate	783 96	
		1899 32

L. M. SLEPPY, Collector.
DR.

To Bal. on Duplicate 1906—		5583 78

CR.

By Amt, paid Treas.	$28 9 68	
" 5 per cent. Com.	148 93	
" Bal. on Duplicate	2605 17	
		5583 78

L. M. SLEPPY, Collector.
DR.

To Duplicate 1907—		24400 26

CR.

By Amt. paid Treas. in 60 days	$15228 29	
" 5 per cent Dis.	817 84	
" 2 " " Com	310 78	16356 91
		$ 8043 35
Amt. paid Treas. in 6 mo.	$ 743 91	
" 2 per cent. Com.	39 15	783 06
		$ 7260 29
To 5 per cent. penalty added		363 05
		$ 7623 34
By Amt. paid Treas. after 6 mo.	$ 814 70	
" Commission	42 88	
Bal. on Duplicate	6765 76	
		7623 34

RECEIPTS

State App. for year ending June 1, 1907	$ 5554 18	
From Collectors including Taxes of all kinds	$20788 31	
From proceeds of Loans	8542 00	
From former Treas.	30 41	
" Tuition	54 00	
" Supplies sold	9 46	
" Com. Exercises	61 51	
		$35039 90

EXPENDITURES.

Teachers Salaries	$17084 88
Teachers attending Institute	303 50
Salaries of Janitors	1250 00
Text Books	1776 08
Supplies	14 6 76
Coal and Wood	1254 54
Printing	163 65
Light and Water	112 36
Labor	405 45
Material and repairs	1222 21
Furniture	273 50
Insurance	84 00
Auditors	22 50
Freight and drayage	61 34
School Journal	7 00
Books for Library	28 41
Secretary's Salary	240 00
Bonds paid	2500 00
Coupons, Interest pd.	1582 91
Temporary loans pd.	4450 00
Miscellaneous	79 85
Treasurer's Com.	573 77
Balance in Treasury	77 19
	$35039 90

LIBRARY FUND
DR.

To Bal from former year	$ 68 94	
" Amt. from Com.	61 51	
		$ 130 45

CR.

By Amt. paid for Books	$ 28 41	
Balance in fund	102 04	
		$ 130 45

INDEBTEDNESS

Bonded debt last report	$32100 00	
Bonds paid	2500 00	
	$29600 00	
Orders discontinued	$ 8 00 00	
		$38300 00

ASSETS

Bal. on Dup. 1905	$ 783 96	
" " " 1906	26 5 17	
" " " 1907	6765 78	
Crsh on hand	77 19	
Liab. exceed Assets	28067 92	
		$38300 00

J. C BROWN, Secretary. FRED IKELER, President.

We the undersigned Auditors having examined the above accounts, statements and vouchers as presented by the Treasurer and Secretary find them correct as stated.

June 8, 1908.

P. H. FREEZE
A. H. STROH
H. S. BARTON } Auditors.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

Estate of Baltus A. White, Deceased,

Letters of administration c. t. a. on the estate of Baltus A. White, late of the Township of Scott, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Luanna H. Terwilliger residing in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., to whom all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

LUANNA H. TERWILLIGER,
Administratrix C. T. A.
Wm. C. Johnston, Attorney. 5-21-6t

ELECTION OF TEACHERS.

Teachers for the Public Schools of the Town of Bloomsburg, for the next school year, will be elected at a regular meeting of the Board of Directors to be held Friday evening, June 19th, at 8 o'clock, at which time all applications will be received.

Applicants not having two years actual experience in teaching will not be considered,

FRED IKELER, Secretary.
6-11-2t.

Visiting cards and Wedding invitations at the COLUMBIAN office. tf

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BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

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Sis Hopkins' Mon., $1.00 a year
On receipt of **Twenty Cents,** we will enter your name for three months' trial subscription for either of these bright, witty, and humorous journals, or for **One Dollar** will add **Leslie's Weekly** or **Judge** for the same period of time. Address
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AND
Packard Shoes
are worn by more men than any other shoes made.
Come in and let us
Fit You With a Pair
W. H. MOORE,
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are the leaders. Our lines include the following makes:
CHAS. M. STIEFF,
HENRY F. MILLER,
BREWER & PRYOR, KOHLER & CAMPBELL, AND RADEL.
—o—
IN ORGANS we handle the ESTEY, MILLER, H. LEHR & CO. AND BOWLBY.
—o—
This Store has the agency for SINGER HIGH ARM SEWING MACHINES and VICTOR TALKING MACHINES.
—o—
WASH MACHINES
Helby, 1900, Queen, Keystone, Majestic.
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J. SALTZER,
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BLOOMSBURG, PA.